# Network Speed Dome PTZ Camera Web 5.0 

User's Manual



## Foreword

## General

This manual introduces the functions and operations of the Network Speed Dome PTZ Camera (hereinafter referred to as "the Camera"). Read carefully before using the device, and keep the manual safe for future reference.

## Safety Instructions

The following signal words might appear in the manual.

| Signal Words | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| WARGER | Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in <br> death or serious injury. |
| NATETE | Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, <br> could result in slight or moderate injury. |
| TIPS | Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in <br> property damage, data loss, reductions in performance, or <br> unpredictable results. |

## Revision History

| Revision Version | Revision Content | Release Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V1.0.1 | Added cellular network function. | August 2022 |
| V1.0.0 | First release. | September 2021 |

## Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect the personal data of others such as their face, fingerprints, and car plate number. You need to be in compliance with your local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures which include but are not limited: Providing clear and visible identification to inform people of the existence of the surveillance area and provide required contact information.

## Interface Declaration

This manual mainly introduces the relevant functions of the device. The interfaces used in its manufacture, the procedures for returning the device to the factory for inspection and for locating its faults are not described in this manual. Please contact technical support if you need information on these interfaces.

## About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the manual and the product.
- We are not liable for losses incurred due to operating the product in ways that are not in compliance with the manual.
- The manual will be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related jurisdictions. For detailed information, see the paper user's manual, use our CD-ROM, scan the QR code or visit our official website. The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the electronic version and the paper version.
- All designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. Product updates might result in some differences appearing between the actual product and the manual. Please contact customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There might be errors in the print or deviations in the description of the functions, operations and technical data. If there is any doubt or dispute, we reserve the right of final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the manual (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and company names in the manual are properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if any problems occur while using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, we reserve the right of final explanation.


## Important Safeguards and Warnings

This section introduces content covering the proper handling of the Camera, hazard prevention, and prevention of property damage. Read carefully before using the Device, comply with the guidelines when using it, and keep the manual safe for future reference.

## Operation Requirements

## 

- Make sure that the power supply of the device works properly before use.
- Do not pull out the power cable of the device while it is powered on.
- Only use the device within the rated power range.
- Transport, use and store the device under allowed humidity and temperature conditions.
- Prevent liquids from splashing or dripping on the device. Make sure that there are no objects filled with liquid on top of the device to avoid liquids flowing into it.
- Do not disassemble the device.


## Installation Requirements

## ! $\$ WARNING

- Connect the device to the adapter before power on.
- Strictly abide by local electrical safety standards, and make sure that the voltage in the area is steady and conforms to the power requirements of the device.
- Do not connect the device to more than one power supply. Otherwise, the device might become damaged.


## !

- Observe all safety procedures and wear required protective equipment provided for your use while working at heights.
- Do not expose the device to direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not install the device in humid, dusty or smoky places.
- Install the device in a well-ventilated place, and do not block the ventilator of the device.
- Use the power adapter or case power supply provided by the device manufacturer.
- The power supply must conform to the requirements of ES1 in IEC 62368-1 standard and be no higher than PS2. Note that the power supply requirements are subject to the device label.
- Connect class I electrical appliances to a power socket with protective earthing.


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## 1 Overview

### 1.1 Introduction

Network Speed Dome PTZ Camera is a combination of traditional camera and network technology. Users can remotely connect to the Camera through the network for configuration and management. Get the camera IP address before visiting PTZ Camera through network, which can be searched by ConfigTool.

Figure 1-1 Connected through network cable


Figure 1-2 Connected through network router or switch


### 1.2 Functions

Functions might be different depending on the model.

### 1.2.1 Basic Functions

## Real-time Monitoring

- Live view.
- Displays human face, human body, non-motor vehicle, motor-vehicle and other metadata during live view.
- When watching the live view, you can enable audio, and talk to people in the monitoring area to quickly process exceptions.
- Adjust the image to the proper position by PTZ.
- Take a snapshot or three snapshots of the abnormal monitoring image for subsequent viewing and processing.
- Record the abnormal monitoring image for subsequent viewing and processing.
- Configure encoding parameters, and adjust live view.


## Recording

- Auto recording as scheduled.
- Play back recorded videos and images.
- Download recorded videos and images.
- Record videos when an alarm is triggered.


## Account Management

- Add, edit and delete user groups, and manage user authorities by user group.
- Add, edit and delete users, and configure user authorities.
- Change user password.


### 1.2.2 Al Functions

Alarm

- Set alarm prompt mode and tone by alarm type.
- View alarm messages.


## Video Detection

- Supports motion detection, video tampering detection, defocus detection and scene changing detection.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending, PTZ operation and snapshot taking.


## Smart Motion Detection

- Supports smart motion detection and the movement range of people, non-motor vehicle and motor vehicle in the image.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending and snapshot taking.


## Audio Detection

- Detects audio input exception and audio intensity change.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending, PTZ operation and snapshot taking.

IVS

- Supports crossing fence detection, tripwire, intrusion, abandoned object, moving object, fast moving, parking detection, people gathering, loitering detection, and more.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending and snapshot taking.


## Face detection

- Supports human face detection and display the related attributes on the Live page.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending and snapshot taking.


## Face Recognition

- Detects human faces, compares them with face images in the database, and links alarm output.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending and snapshot taking.


## People Counting

- Support counting of people number (including the people flow enter/exit the detection area and people stay in the area) and queuing data, and generate report.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending and snapshot taking.


## Video Metadata

- Supports the detection of people, non-motor vehicles, and motor vehicles in the captured video, and displays the related attributes and characteristics on the Live page.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as alarm output.


## Alarm Setting

- Alarms are triggered when an external alarm input device outputs alarms.
- When an alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording, alarm output, email sending, PTZ operation and snapshot taking.


## Exception Processing

- Supports SD card error detection, network abnormality detection, illegal access detection, security exception detection, PTZ exception detection and battery detection.
- When SD card error, illegal access and security exception alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as alarm output and email delivery.
- When network abnormality alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as video recording and alarm output.
- When PTZ abnormality alarm is triggered, the system performs linkages such as alarm output.
- When the battery is over-temperature, the system performs linkages such as alarm output, email sending and playing audio.


## 2 Configuration Flow

Configure the device as needed.
Figure 2-1 Configuration flow


Table 2-1 Flow description

| Configuration | Description | Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Initialization | Initialize the camera when you use <br> it for the first time. | "3 Device <br> Initialization" |
| Login | Open the browser and enter the IP <br> address to log in to the web page. <br> The camera IP address is <br> 192.168 .1 .108 by default. | "4.1 Device Login" |
| Configure basic functions | Configure camera parameters, <br> network parameters, general events <br> and more. | "4 Setting" |
| Configure Al functions | Configure detection rules for AI <br> events. | "8 AI" |

## 3 Device Initialization

Device initialization is required for first-time use. This manual is focused on the operation on the web page. You can also initialize the device through ConfigTool, NVR (Network Video Recorder), or platforms such as DSS Pro.


- To ensure device safety, protect your password after initialization and regularly change it.
- When initializing the device, keep the PC IP and Camera IP on the same segment.
- We recommend using Internet Explorer or Google Chrome.

Step 1 Open the browser, enter the IP address of the Camera in the address bar, and then press the Enter key.

## (1)

The IP is 192.168.1.108 by default.
Step 2 Select the area, language, and video standard according to the actual situation, and then click Next.

Figure 3-1 Region setting


## Step 3 Select the I have read and agree to the terms of the Software License Agreement and Privacy Policy check box, and then click Next.

Figure 3-2 Disclaimer


Step 4 Configure the time parameters, and then click Next.
Figure 3-3 Time zone setting


Step 5 Set the password for admin account.
Figure 3-4 Password setting


Table 3-1 Description of password configuration

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Username | The default username is admin. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| New Password | The password must consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and <br> contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower <br> case, number, and special character (excluding ' $" ;: \&)$. Set a high <br> security level password according to the password security notice. |
| Confirm Password | Enter an email address for password reset. It is selected by default. <br> When you need to reset the password of the admin account, a <br> Security code for password reset will be sent to the reserved email <br> address. |
| Email Address | ads |

Step 6 Click Next, and the P2P page is displayed.
Figure 3-5 P2P


Step 7 Click Next, and then click End to complete initialization.
Figure 3-6 Online update


```
\square Auto Check for Updates
Notify me when updates are evailbble. The ystem checks for updates daily, To inform you of the latest firmware updates for your device, we need to collect device info such
as 1 P oddress, device name, language preference, firmware version, device SN, etcic Al collected into is sued only for the purpeses of verifyng device valifity and pushing upd
```


## 4 Setting

This chapter introduces the basic settings of the Camera, including the configuration of local parameters, camera, network, PTZ, event, storage, system information, log, and more.
You can configure the camera, event and system through two methods. This section uses method 1 as an example.

- Method 1: Click 0 , and then select the corresponding item.
- Method 2: Click the corresponding icon on the main page


### 4.1 Device Login

Log in to the device web page through a browser.

## Prerequisites

- You need to initialize the Camera before logging in to the web page. For details, see"3 Device Initialization".
- When logging in to the web page, keep the PC IP and device IP on the same network.


## Procedure

Step 1 Open the browser, enter the device IP address (192.168.1.108 by default) in the address box, and then press Enter key.
Step 2 Enter the username and password. The username is admin by default.
© $\Omega$
Click Forgot password? to reset the password through the email address that is set during the initialization. For details, see "4.8.2.2 Resetting Password".

Figure 4-1 Login


## Step 3 Click Login.

The Live page is displayed. For details, see"5.1 Live Page".
Click 谷 on the left-upper corner of the page to display the main page.
Figure 4-2 Main page


For first-time login, you need to install the plug-in. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete download and installation.

Table 4-1 Description of main page

| No. | Button | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 솝 | Display the main page. |
| 2 | 4 | Subscribe to alarm messages. For details, see "4.6.1.4.2 Subscribing to Alarm Information". |
| 3 | $\square$ | Set the skin. |
| 4 | Q | Set the language. |
| 5 | $\bigcirc$ admin | - Click and select Restart, and the camera restarts. <br> - Click and select Logout to go back to the login page. |
| 6 | ¢ | Configure the basic parameters. For details, see "4 Setting". |
| 7 | 匈 | - Click the button to enter full screen mode. <br> - Click ${ }^{\text {米 }}$ to exit full screen mode. |
| 8 | Main page | The main page includes the following modules. Click the bottom of the page to switch between multiple pages. <br> - Live: View the real-time monitoring image. <br> The Live view page supports multi-channel display. <br> - Al: Configure Al functions of the camera. <br> - Camera: Configure camera parameters, including image parameters, encoder parameters, and audio parameters. <br> - PTZ: Configure PTZ functions. <br> - Event: Configure alarm linkage parameters of general events. <br> - System: Configure basic system parameters, manage users and peripherals, maintain and upgrade the system. <br> - Security: Check the device security status and set security functions. <br> - Record: Configure record functions, play back or download recorded videos. <br> When playing back multi-channel recordings, you can choose channel No. to play back. <br> - Picture: Configure image functions, play back or download image files. <br> When playing back multi-channel images, you can choose channel No. to play back. <br> - Report: Search the Al event report and system report. |

### 4.2 Local

You can select protocol and configure the storage path for live snapshot, live record, playback snapshot, playback download, and video clips.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Local.

Figure 4-3 Local


Step 2 Configure play parameters.
Protocol: Network transport protocol type, supporting TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) port, UDP (User Datagram Protocol) port and multicast.

Before selecting Multicast, you need to configure multicast parameters in advance. For details, see "4.4.9 Multicast".
Step 3 Click Browse to select the storage path for live snapshot, live record, playback snapshot, playback download, and video clips.

Table 4-2 Description of local parameter

| Parameter | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protocol | You can select the network transmission protocol Multicast. $\square$ <br> Before selecting Multicast, make sure that you hav parameters. | TCP, UDP and <br> set the Multicast |
| Live Record | The recorded video of Live page. <br> The default path is <br> C:IUsersladmin\WebDownload\LiveRecord. | $\square$ <br> Admin in the path refers to the account being used. |
| Playback <br> Download | The downloaded video of playback page. <br> The default path is C:IUsersladmin\WebDownload\PlaybackRecord. |  |
| Video Clips | The clipped video of playback page. C:IUsers\admin\WebDownload\VideoClips. |  |
| Live Snapshot | The snapshot of Live page. <br> The default path is C:IUsers\admin\WebDownload\LiveSnapshot. |  |


| Parameter | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Playback Snapshot | The snapshot of playback page. <br> The default path is <br> C:IUsers\admin\WebDownload\PlaybackSnapshot. |  |

Step 4 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

- Click Refresh to refresh the parameters of the current page.
- Click Default to restore the default parameter values.


### 4.3 Camera

This section introduces camera configuration, including configuring image parameters, encoder parameters, and audio parameters.

DI
Camera parameters might differ depending on the device.

### 4.3.1 Setting Image Parameters

Configure image parameters according to the actual situation, including image, exposure, backlight, white balance, Day/Night, and more.

### 4.3.1.1 Page Layout

Configure camera parameters to improve the image clarity, and ensure that surveillance goes well. Camera supports two working modes: Self-adaptive and Customized scene. You can select 9 configuration file types, including day, night, general and front light, to set and view the configuration parameters and effects under the corresponding type, including image, exposure and backlight.

Figure 4-4 Camera conditions (common camera)


### 4.3.1.2 Configuring Operating Mode

Select working mode as needed, including self-adaptive and customized scene.
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera > Image.
Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then select working mode on the top of the page.

- Self-adaptive: Camera automatically matches the appropriate configuration file type according to different environments.
If you select Self-adaptive, go straight to Step5.
- Customized scene: Camera monitors according to the settings of the profile type at different times.

If you select Customized scene, go straight to Step3.
Step 3 Select configuration file type.
You can select 9 configuration file types, including general, day, night, front light and backlight to set and view the configuration parameters and effects under the corresponding type, including image, exposure and backlight.
Step 4 Set time plans.
You can set daily schedule by month.
Figure 4-5 Time plan settings


1) Click Time Plan Settings or $\vee$ to open time plan.
2) Click to configure file type, for example general, left-drag on the timeline to set the time period using general type.
In the same way, you can set up separate time periods when applying other file types, including Day, Night and Front Light.

DI
Time period is set as Day and Night by default. Click Delete or Clear before you start setting time period.
3) (Optional) Click Copy; select a month, then click Apply.

Time plan for the current month can be quickly copied to other months.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.3 Adjusting Image

You can configure image parameters. The actual parameters of the camera can be adjusted here.
Step 1 Click 0 on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Image $>$ Image.
Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure parameters.

Figure 4-6 Image


Table 4-3 Description of image parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Style | Select the image style from soft, standard and vivid. <br> - Standard: Default image style, which displays the actual color of the <br> image. <br> - Soft: The hue of the image is weaker than the actual one, and <br> contrast is smaller. <br> - Vivid: The image is more vivid than the actual one. |
| Brightness | Change the overall brightness of the image. The higher the value, the <br> brighter the image. The image might be hazy if the value is configured <br> too high. |
| Contrast | Change the contrast of the image. The higher the value, the greater the <br> contrast between bright and dark areas. If the value is too big, the dark <br> area will be too dark and the bright area will more vulnerable to <br> overexposure. The image might be hazy if the value is set too small. |
| Saturation | Set the intensity of colors. The higher the value, the deeper the color. <br> Saturation value does not change image brightness. |
| Chroma Gain | Reduce the image color and prevents it from being too strong. The <br> higher the value, the stronger the effect. <br> [D |
| Suppression | This parameter takes effect only when the Camera is in an environment <br> with low luminance. |
| Sharpness | Change the sharpness of image edges. The higher the value, the clearer <br> the image edges. If the value is too high, image noise is more likely to <br> appear. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sharpness |  |
| Suppression | Change the sharpness NCT level of the Camera. The higher the value, the <br> stronger the sharpness CNT. <br> Gamma |
| Flip |  |
| This parameter takes effect only when the Camera is in an environment |  |
| with low luminance. |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}Change the image brightness and contrast in a non-linear way. The <br>


higher the value, the brighter the image.\end{array}\right|\)| Change the display direction of the image. |
| :--- |
| - Normal: The normal display of the image. |
| - Reflection: The image flips up and down. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.4 Exposure

Configure iris and shutter to improve image clarity.


Cameras with WDR do not support long exposure when WDR is enabled in Backlight.
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera > Image >

## Exposure.

Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure parameters.

Figure 4-7 Exposure


Table 4-4 Description of exposure parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Anti-flicker | You can select $\mathbf{5 0 H z}, \mathbf{6 0 H z}$, or Outdoor from the list. <br> - $\mathbf{5 0 H z}$ : The system adjusts the exposure according to ambient light automatically to ensure that stripes do not appear. <br> - $\mathbf{6 0 H z}$ : The system adjusts the exposure according to ambient light automatically to ensure that stripes do not appear. <br> - Outdoor: If you select Outdoor, the exposure mode can be set to Gain Priority, Shutter Priority and Iris Priority. Different devices support different exposure modes. |
| Mode | Set the exposure modes. You can select Auto, Manual, Iris Priority, Shutter Priority and Gain Priority. The Auto mode is selected by default. <br> - Auto: Exposure is automatically adjusted according to scene brightness if the overall brightness of images is in the normal exposure range. <br> - Manual: You can adjust the Gain, Shutter, and Iris value manually. <br> - Iris Priority: You can set the iris to a fixed value, and the Camera will adjust the shutter value. If the image brightness is not high enough and the shutter value has reached its upper or lower limit, the system adjusts gain value automatically to ensure the image is at an ideal brightness. <br> - Shutter Priority: You can customize the shutter range. The Camera automatically adjusts the aperture and gain according to the scene brightness. <br> - Gain Priority: Gain value and exposure compensation value can be adjusted manually. |
| Gain | If you select Gain Priority or Manual, you can set gain range to automatically increase the gain of the device when the illumination is low, thus obtaining a clear image. |
| Shutter | Set the effective exposure time. The smaller the value, the shorter the exposure time. |
| Shutter range | If you select Shutter Priority or Manual, and select Shutter as Custom, you can set the shutter range in ms unit. |


| Parameter | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iris | You can set the camera luminous flux. The larger the lris value, the brighter the image. |  |
| Exposure Compensation | You can set the exposure compensation value. The value ranges from 0 to 100 . The higher the value is, the brighter the image will be. |  |
| Exposure adjustment speed | You can set the exposure adjustment speed. The value ranges from 0 to 100. |  |
| Upper gain threshold | You can set the upper gain threshold of exposure. The value ranges from 0 to 100. |  |
| Low-speed shutter | In a low luminance environment, snapping images by expending the automatic exposure time effectively reduces image noise, but images of moving objects may be blurred. |  |
| Lower threshold of low-speed shutter | You can set the lower threshold of the camera low-speed shutter. The lower the value, the faster the shutter. |  |
| AE Recovery | Automatic exposure is an automated digital camera system that adjusts the aperture and/or shutter speed, based on the external lighting conditions for images and videos. If you have selected an AE Recovery time, the exposure mode will be restored to the previous mode after you adjust the Iris value. There are five options: Off, $5 \mathrm{~min}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, 1$ hour, and 2 hour. |  |
| 2D NR | Average the pixel of a single frame image with other pixels to reduce image noise. The higher the level is, the lower the noise will be, and images appear to be blurrier. |  |
| 3D NR | Reduce the noise of multiple-frame (at least two frames) images by using interframe information between two adjacent frames in a video. The higher the level is, the lower the noise will be, and the larger the trailing smear will be. |  |
| Level | Noise reduction grade. The value ranges from 0 to 100. The larger the value is, the less the noise will be. |  |
| Advanced NR | You can suppress noise in the time-domain and space-domain based on the video filter method. | $\square$ <br> Some models do not |
| Time domain grade | You can set the time domain grade. The value ranges from 0 to 100 . | support advanced noise reduction, time domain |
| Space domain grade | You can set the space domain grade. The value ranges from 0 to 100 . | grade, or space domain grade. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.5 Backlight

You can select backlight mode from BLC, WDR and HLS
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera > Image > Backlight.
Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then select a backlight mode from the list.

Figure 4-8 Backlight mode

| Profile | Day |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Image | Mode |  |
| Exposure |  |  |
| Backlight | Off |  |
| WB | BLC |  |
| Day/Night | HLC |  |
| Focus \& Zoom |  |  |
| Illuminator |  |  |
| Defog |  |  |

Table 4-5 Description of backlight parameters

| Parameter | Description <br> BLC <br> Enable BLC, the camera can get a clearer image of the dark areas on the <br> target when shooting against light. You can select default mode or <br> customized mode. <br> - When in default mode, the system automatically adjusts exposure <br> according to ambient lighting conditions to ensure the clarity of the <br> darkest area. <br> - When in customized mode, the system auto adjusts exposure only <br> to the set area according to ambient lighting conditions to ensure <br> the image of the set area is at its ideal brightness. |
| :--- | :--- |
| WDRThe system dims bright areas and compensates for dark areas to ensure <br> the clarity of all areas. The higher the value is, the stronger the darkness <br> will be, but the more intense the noise will be. <br> HLD |  |
| There might be a few seconds of video loss when the device is |  |
| switching to WDR mode from other modes. |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.6 White Balance

The white balance function can correct the color deviation to ensure color precision. When in WB mode, white objects are displayed in a white color depending on the environment.
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Image $>$ WB.
Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure White Balance Mode.

Figure 4-9 White balance

| Profile | Day |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Image | Auto |  |
| Exposure | Auto |  |
| Backlight | Indoor |  |
| WB | Outdoor |  |
| Day/Night | ATW |  |
| Focus \& Zoom | Manual |  |
| Illuminator | Sodium Lamp |  |
| Defog | Natural |  |

Table 4-6 Description of white balance parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Auto | The system compensates WB according to color temperature to ensure color <br> precision. |
| Indoor | The system compensates WB for the general situation of indoor lighting to <br> ensure color precision. |
| Outdoor | The system auto compensates WB to most outdoor environments with natural or <br> artificial light to ensure color precision. |
| ATW | When the device is tracked, the system auto compensates WB to ensure color <br> precision. |
| Manual | Configure red gain and blue gain manually. The system auto compensates WB <br> according to color temperature. |
| Sodium <br> Lamp | The system compensates WB to sodium lamp to ensure color precision. |
| Natural Light | The system auto compensates WB to environments without artificial light to <br> ensure color precision. |
| Street Lamp | The system compensates WB to ensure color precision in outdoor scenes at <br> night. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.7 Day/Night

Configure the display mode of the image. The system switches between color and black-and-white mode according to the actual condition.
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera > Image >

## Day/Night.

Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure parameters.

Figure 4-10 Day/Night mode

| Profile | Day |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Image | Mode | Auto |
| Exposure | Sensitivity | Medium |
| Backlight | Delay | 10 sec |
| WB |  |  |
| Day/Night |  |  |
| Focus \& Zoom |  |  |
| Illuminator |  |  |
| Defog |  |  |

Table 4-7 Description of Day/Night mode parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mode | You can select device display mode from Color, Auto, and B/W. <br> configuration. <br> - Color: The system displays the image in color. <br> - Auto: The system switches between color and black-and-white according to <br> actual conditions. <br> - B/W:The system displays black-and-white image. |
| Sensitivity | This configuration is available only when you set Auto in Mode. You can <br> configure camera sensitivity when switching between color and black-and- <br> white mode. The higher the sensitivity, the easier it is for the switch to be <br> triggered. |
| Delay | This configuration is available only when you set Auto in Mode. You can <br> configure the delay when canera switching between color and black-and-white <br> mode. The lower the value is, the faster the camera switches between color and <br> black-and-white mode. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.8 Focus \& Zoom

Focus \& Zoom (digital zoom) refers to capturing a part of the image to magnify it. The higher the magnification is, the blurrier the images will become.

## Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Image $>$ Focus \& Zoom.

Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure focus \& zoom parameters.

Figure 4-11 Focus \& Zoom

| Profile | Day |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Image | Digital Zoom |  |  |
| Exposure |  |  |  |
| Backlight | Zoom Speed | - | + 100 |
| WB | Focus Mode | Semi Auto | $\checkmark$ |
| Day/Night | Near Focus Limit | Auto | $\checkmark$ |
| Focus \& Zoom | Sensitivity | Default | $\checkmark$ |
| Illuminator |  |  |  |
| Defog | PFA | O |  |
|  | Expert Mode |  |  |
|  | Lens Initialization |  |  |

Table 4-8 Description of focus \& zoom parameters
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Parameter } & \text { Description } \\
\hline \text { Digital Zoom } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Click to enable Digital Zoom function. You can use the } \\
\text { digital zoom to continue zooming operation even if the optical } \\
\text { zoom is at its maximum value. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Zoom Speed } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Adjust the zoom speed of the camera. The larger the value, the } \\
\text { faster the zoom speed. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Focus Mode } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Set focus mode. } \\
\text { - Auto: Once there is any movement or change of an object on } \\
\text { the video image and the image turns blurry, the camera will } \\
\text { focus again automatically. }\end{array}
$$ <br>
- Semi-Auto: The camera will focus automatically when you <br>
click Focus or Zoom or when a preset change or PTZ switch is <br>

detected.\end{array}\right\}\)| - Manual: The Device cannot focus automatically. You need to |
| :--- |
| adjust the focus manually. |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}Set the near focus limit of the camera. If the focus limit is too small, <br>

the camera might get the camera focus on its dome. By changing <br>

the focus limit, the focus speed can be changed.\end{array}\right|\)| Trigger the focusing sensitivity of the camera. The higher the |
| :--- |
| sensitivity, the easier to trigger focus. |

Step 3 (Optional) Configure expert mode.

1) Enable Expert mode, click Add to add a new scene.

Figure 4-12 Expert Mode

| Add | Clear |  | Refresh |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Name | Lens <br> Magnification | Draw | Status | Apply |
| 1 | Scene1 | 40 | Delete |  |  |
|  |  | 有 |  |  |  |
| Start Scene Focusing Training | Stop Training |  |  |  |  |

2) Click $\forall$ to adjust the video screen and draw the training region on the screen.


Only supports closed model area (triangle and polygons above).
3) Double-click Lens Magnification to set focus magnification.
4) Click Apply to save settings.
5) Click Start Scene Focusing Training.

The scene rotates and automatically focuses to the specified position. After the training is complete, the scene status is displayed as Complete.

## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.9 Illuminator

This configuration is available only when the device is equipped with illuminator. Common illuminators are classified into IR lights, white light, laser lights, and full-spectrum lights. Different device models support different types of illuminators. This manual is for reference only, and might differ from the actual page.
Step 1 Click $O$ on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Image > Illuminator.
Step 2 Select the camera that needs to be configured from the Channel drop-down list and then configure illuminator mode.

Figure 4-13 Illuminator

| Profile |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Image | Fill Light | Say |
| Exposure | Mode | Soft Light Mode |
| Backlight | Compensation |  |
| WB |  |  |
| Day/Night |  |  |
| Focus \& Zoom Priority |  |  |
| Illuminator |  |  |
| Defog |  |  |

Table 4-9 Description of illuminator parameters

| Parameter | Description <br> Fill Light <br> When the camera is equipped with illuminator, it supports setting <br> illumination mode for illuminator, including IR Mode, White Light <br> Mode and Soft Light Mode. <br> - IR Mode: Enable the IR illuminator, and the white light is <br> disabled. You can only capture black and white images after <br> enabling this function. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - White Light Mode: Enable the white light, and the IR illuminator |  |
| is disabled. You can capture clear scene image after enabling this |  |
| function. |  |
| - Soft Light Mode: Enable both IR illuminator and white light at |  |
| the same time, and adjust the brightness of the two illuminators |  |
| to get clear images. |  |


| Parameter |  | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Off | Illuminator is off. |

## Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.1.10 Defog

The image quality is compromised in foggy or hazy environment, and defog can be used to improve image clarity.
Step 1 Select $>$ Camera $>$ Image $>$ Defog.
Figure 4-14 Defog

| Profile | Day |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Image |  | Off |
| Exposure |  | Off |
| Backlight |  | Manual |
| WB |  |  |
| Day/Night |  |  |
| Focus \& Zoom |  |  |
| Illuminator |  |  |
| Defog |  |  |

Step 2 Configure defog parameters.
Table 4-10 Description of defog parameters

| Defog | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manual | Configure function intensity and atmospheric light mode manually, and <br> then the system adjusts image clarity accordingly. Atmospheric light mode <br> can be adjusted automatically or manually. |
| Auto | The system adjusts image clarity according to the actual condition. |
| Off | Defog function is disabled. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2 Setting Encode Parameters

This section introduces video parameters, such as video, snapshot, overlay, ROI (region of interest) and path.
Click Default, and the device is restored to default configuration. Click Refresh to view the latest configuration.

### 4.3.2.1 Encode

Configure video stream parameters, such as compression, resolution, frame rate, bit rate type, bit rate, I frame interval, SVC (Scalable Video Coding) and watermark.

## Step 1 Select $0>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Encode.

Figure 4-15 Encode


Step 2 Configure encode parameters.
Table 4-11 Description of encode parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sub Stream | Click to enable sub stream, it is enabled by default. $\square$ <br> You can enable multiple sub streams simultaneously. |
| Compression | Select encode mode. <br> - H.264: It includes H.264B (baseline profile encode mode), H. 264 (main profile encode mode) and H.264H (high profile encode mode). <br> Under the same image quality, the bandwidth of the three decreases in turn. <br> - H.265: Main profile encode mode. Compared with H.264, it requires smaller bandwidth. <br> - MJPEG: Under this mode, the image requires high bit rate to ensure clarity, you are recommended to set the Bit Rate to the biggest value in the Reference Bit Rate. |
| Smart Codec | Click to enable smart codec to improve video compressibility and save storage space. $\square$ <br> After smart codec is enabled, the device would stop supporting the third bit stream, ROI, and smart event detection. |
| Resolution | The resolution of the video. The higher the value is, the clearer the image will be, but the bigger the required bandwidth will be. |
| Frame Rate (FPS) | The number of frame in one second of video. The higher the value is, the clearer and smoother the video will be. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bit Rate Type | The bit rate control type during video data transmission. You can <br> select bit rate type from: <br> - CBR (Constant Bit Rate): The bit rate changes a little and keeps <br> close to the defined bit rate value. <br> - VBR (Variable Bit Rate): The bit rate changes as monitoring <br> scene changes. |
| Quality | The Bit Rate Type can only be set as CBR when Encode Mode is set <br> as MJPEG. |
| Reference Bit Rate | This parameter can be configured only when the Bit Rate Type is set <br> as VBR. The better the quality is, but the bigger the required <br> bandwidth will be. |
| Max Bit Rate | The most suitable bit rate value range recommended to user <br> according to the defined resolution and frame rate. |
| Wit Rate | This parameter can be configured only when the Bit Rate Type is set <br> as VBR. You can select the value of the Max Bit Rate according to <br> the Reference Bit Rate value. The bit rate then changes as <br> monitoring scene changes, but the max bit rate keeps close to the <br> defined value. |
| I Frame Interval | This parameter can be configured only when the Bit Rate Type is set <br> as CBR. Select bit rate value in the list according to actual condition. |
| Watermark | The number of P frames between two I frames, and the I Frame <br> Interval range changes as FPS changes. It is recommended to set I <br> Frame Interval twice as big as FPS. |
| SVC | Scaled video coding, is able to encode a high quality video bit <br> stream that contains one or more subset bit streams. When sending <br> stream, to improve fluency, the system will quit some data of related <br> lays according to the network status. <br> $-\quad$ 1:The default value, which means that there is no layered <br> coding. |
| 2, 3 and 4: The lay number that the video stream is packed. |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2 Overlay

Configure overlay information, and it will be displayed on the Live page.

### 4.3.2.2.1 Privacy Masking

You can enable this function when you need to protect the privacy of some area on the video image.
Step 1 Select 园 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Privacy Masking.
Step 2 Select Enable.

Step 3 Click Add, select Color Block or Mosaic, and then draw the blocks on the screen.


- You can draw 8 blocks at most. The same screen can add up to 4 mosaic blocks.
- Click Clear to delete all blocks; select the block you want to delete, click盯 to delete the corresponding block.

Figure 4-16 Privacy masking


Step 4 Adjust block size to protect the privacy.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.2 Channel Title

You can enable this function when you need to display channel title in the video image.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Channel Title.
Step 2 Select Enable.
Step 3 Configure channel title, and then select the text alignment.


Click + to add the channel title, and you can add 1 line at most.
Figure 4-17 Channel title


Target Statistics
Face Statistics

Apply Refresh Default
Step 4 Move the title box to the position that you want in the image.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.3 Time Title

You can enable this function when you need to display time title in the video image.
Step 1 Select 우 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Time Title.
Step 2 Select Enable.
Step 3 (Optional) Select Week Display to display the day of week on the video image.
Step 4 Move the time box to the position that you want on the image.
Figure 4-18 Time title


## Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.4 OSD Info

If you want to represent such information in video images as preset dots, PTZ/geography location, zoom and touring pattern, you can enable this function.
Step 1 Select 园 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ OSD Info.
Figure 4-19 OSD info


Step 2 Configure OSD information.

Table 4-12 Description of OSD information parameter

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Presets | Select Enable, and the preset name is displayed on the image <br> when the camera turns to the preset, and it will disappear 3 s <br> later. |
| PTZ Coordinates | Select Enable, and the PTZ coordinates information is displayed <br> on the image. |
| Zoom | Select Enable and the zoom information is displayed on the <br> image. |
| North | Select Enable, and the north direction is displayed on the image. <br> When you enable the due north orientation function, the system <br> will prompt you to restart the PTZ. |
| Pattern | Select Enable, and the pattern information is displayed on the <br> image. |
| RS485 | Select Enable, and the RS485 information is displayed on the <br> image. |
| Location | Select Enable, and the geographical location is displayed in the <br> text. |
| Text Alignment | Set the alignment mode of the displayed information on the <br> image. |

Step 3 Move the OSD box to the position that you want on the image.
Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.5 Font Properties

You can enable this function if you need to adjust the font size in the video image.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Font Properties.
Step 2 Select the font color and size.
You can set the RGB value to customize the font color.
Figure 4-20 Font properties


Step 3 Click Apply to complete the settings.
After saving the settings, the color and size of the font in the video image change accordingly.

### 4.3.2.2.6 Picture Overlay

You can enable this function if you need to display image information on the video image.
$\square$
Text overlay and picture overlay cannot work at the same time.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Picture Overlay.
Step 2 Select channel and then select Enable.
Step 3 Click Upload, and then select the overlaid image.
The image shows in the Picture Preview.
Figure 4-21 Picture overlay


Step 4 You can move the overlaid image to the position you want in the image.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.7 Custom Title

You can enable this function if you need to display custom information on the video image.
Step 1 Select - $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Custom Title.
Step 2 Select Enable.
Step 3 Configure custom overlay, and then select the text alignment.


Click + to add the custom overlay, and you can add 1 line at most.

Figure 4-22 Custom title


Step 4 Move the custom box to the position that you want in the image.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.8 Exception Overlay

You can enable this function to display the overlaid abnormal information of the cameras on the screen.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ Exception Overlay.
Figure 4-23 Exception overlay


Step 2 Select Enable, and then click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.9 Longitude \& Latitude

You can enable this function to display the latitude and longitude information of the cameras on the screen.
Step 1 Select - > Camera > Encode > Longitude \& Latitude.

Figure 4-24 Longitude \& latitude


Step 2 Enable Longitude \& Latitude, and then click Apply.

### 4.3.2.2.10 Target Statistics

After configuring the target statistics, the number of target statistics will be displayed in the image.
Step 1 Select $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Target Statistics.
Step 2 Select Enable.
Step 3 Select the statistics type, and then select the text alignment.


Click Reset to clear the statistics data.
Figure 4-25 Target statistics


Step 4 Move the target statistics box to the position that you want in the image.
Step 5 Click Apply.
The overlaid information will be displayed after enabling video metadata function.

### 4.3.2.2.11 Face Statistics

## Procedure

Step 1 Select o $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Face Statistics.
Figure 4-26 Face statistics

| Privacy Masking | Enable |  | Reset |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel Title | Statistics Type |  |  |
| Time Title |  |  |  |
| OSD Info |  |  |  |
| Foxt Alignment Properties |  |  |  |
| Picture Overlay |  |  |  |
| Custom Title |  |  |  |
| Exception Overlay |  |  |  |
| Latitude and Longi... |  |  |  |
| Target Statistics |  |  |  |
| Face Statistics |  |  |  |

Step 2 Select Enable, and then select Statistics Type.

- Face detection: The screen displays the quantity information of face detection.
- Face recognition: The screen displays the quantity information of face recognition.

Step 3 Select the text alignment, and then move the face statistics box to the position that you want in the image.
Step 4 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

Click Reset to clear the statistics data and start counting again.

### 4.3.2.3 ROI

Select ROI (region of interest) on the image and configure the image quality of ROI, and then the selected image is display at defined quality.
Step 1 Select - $>$ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ ROI.
Step 2 Select channel, and then select Enable.
Step 3 Click Add, draw an area on the image, and then configure the image quality of ROI.

- You can draw 4 area boxes at most.
- The higher the image quality value is, the better the quality will be.
- Click Clear to delete all the area boxes; select one box, and then click 囬 to delete it.

Figure 4-27 ROI


Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.3.3 Audio

Configure the noise filter and sampling frequency of the Camera. When enabling audio encoding, the network stream contains both audio and video, otherwise, it is only video stream.
$\square$
You need to click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Encode $>$
Encode to enable the video stream of Sub Stream before enabling the audio.
Step 1 Click on the upper-right corner of the page, and then select Camera $>$ Audio.
Step 2 Select Main Stream or Sub Stream to enable audio encoding.
For the cameras with multiple channels, select the channel number.
!
Please carefully activate the audio acquisition function according to the actual requirements of the application scenario.

Figure 4-28 Audio


Step 3 Configure audio parameters.

Table 4-13 Description of audio parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Compression | Configure audio compression. The configured audio encode mode applies <br> to both audio and intercom. The default value is recommended. |
| Sampling <br> Frequency | Sampling number per second. The higher the sampling frequency is, the <br> more the sample in a second will be, and the more accuracy the restored <br> signal will be. |
| Noise Filter | Enable this function, and the system automatically filters ambient noise. |
| Microphone <br> Volume | Adjusts microphone volume. |
| Speaker Volume | Adjusts speaker volume. |

## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.4 Network

This section introduces network configuration.

### 4.4.1 TCP/IP

You can configure IP address and DNS (Domain Name System) server and other information according to network planning to ensure the device is properly connected to other devices in the network.

## Prerequisites

The camera has connected to the network.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ TCP/IP.
Step 2 Configure TCP/IP parameters.

Figure 4-29 TCP/IP


Table 4-14 Description of TCP/IP parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Host Name | Enter the host name. <br> The maximum length is 32 characters. |
| ARP/Ping | Click to enable ARP/Ping to set IP address service. Get the <br> camera MAC address, and then you can change and configure the <br> device IP address with ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) /ping <br> command. This is enabled by default. During restart, you will have no <br> more than 2 minutes to configure the device IP address by a ping <br> packet with certain length, the server will be turned off in 2 minutes, <br> or it will be turned off immediately after the IP address is successfully <br> configured. If this is not enabled, the IP address cannot be configured <br> with ping packet. |
| NIC | Select the Ethernet card that need to be configured, and the default <br> one is Wire. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mode | The mode that the camera gets IP: <br> - Static <br> Configure IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway manually, and then click Save, the login page with the configured IP address is displayed. <br> - DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) When there is DHCP server in the network, select DHCP, and the camera acquires IP address automatically. |
| MAC Address | Displays host MAC (Media Access Control) address. |
| IP Version | Select IPv4 or IPv6. |
| IP Address | When you select Static as Mode, enter the IP address and subnet mask according to the network plan. $\square$ <br> - IPv6 does not have a subnet mask. <br> - The default gateway must be on the same network segment with the IP address. |
| Subnet Mask |  |
| Default Gateway |  |
| Preferred DNS | IP address of the preferred DNS. |
| Alternate DNS | IP address of the alternate DNS. |

## Step 3 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

Configuring IP address with ARP/Ping

1. Keep the camera that needs to be configured and the PC within the same local network, and then get a usable IP address.
2. Get the MAC address of the camera from device label.
3. Open command editor on the PC and enter the following command.

Figure 4-30 Edit command

| Windows syntax |
| :---: |
| arp -s <IP Address> <MAC> <br> ping -\| 480 -t <IP Address> |
| Windows example |
| $\begin{array}{lllll} \text { arp } & -5 & 192.168 \cdot 0 \cdot 125 & 11-40-8 \mathrm{c}-18-10-11 \\ \text { ping } & -1 & 480 & \text {-t } & 192 \cdot 168 \cdot 0 \cdot 125 \end{array}$ |


| UNIX/Linux/Mac syntax |
| :--- |
| arp -5 <IP Address> <MAC> |
| ping -5480 <IP Address> |
| UNIX/Linux/Mac example |

```
arp -s 192.168.0.125 11-40-8c-18-10-11
ping -5 480 192.168.0.125
```

4. Restart the camera.
5. Check the PC command line, if information such as Reply from 192.168.0.125...is displayed, the configuration succeeds.
6. Enter http://(IP address) in the browser address bar to log in.

### 4.4.2 Port

Configure the port numbers and the maximum number of users (includes web, platform client and mobile phone client) that can connect to the device simultaneously.
Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ Port.
Step 2 Configure port parameters.

- The configuration of Max Connection, RTSP Port, RTMP Port, HTTPS Port take effect immediately, and others will take effect after reboot.
- 0-1024, 1900, 3800, 5000, 5050, 9999, 37776, 37780-37880, 39999, 42323 are occupied for specific uses, do not use them.
- Do not use the same value of any other port during port configuration.

Figure 4-31 Port

| Max Connection | 10 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TCP Port | 37777 | $(1-20)$ |
| UDP Port | 37778 | $(1025-65534)$ |
| HTTP Port | 80 |  |
| RTSP Port | 554 |  |
| RTMP Port | 1935 |  |
| HTTPS Port | 443 |  |
| 5000 Port |  |  |

Table 4-15 Description of port parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Max Connection | The max number of users (web client, platform client or mobile phone <br> client) that can connect to the device simultaneously. The value is 10 <br> by default. |
| TCP Port | Transmission Control Protocol port. The value is 37777 by default. |
| UDP Port | User Datagram Protocol Port. The value is 37778 by default. |
| HTTP Port | Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Port. The value is 80 by default. If it is <br> configured to another value, you need to add the new port number to <br> the IP address when logging in to the system using a browser. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| RTSP Port | - Real Time Streaming Protocol Port, and the value is 554 by default. If you play live view with QuickTime, VLC (Video LAN Client) or Blackberry smart phone, the following URL (Uniform Resource Locator) format is available. <br> - When the URL format requires RTSP, you need to specify channel number and bit stream type in the URL, and also username and password if needed. <br> - When playing live view with Blackberry smart phone, you need to turn off the audio, and then set the codec mode to H.264B and resolution to CIF. <br> URL format example: <br> rtsp://username:password@ip:port/cam/realmonitor?channel=1\&subty pe=0 <br> Among that: <br> - Username: The username, such as admin. <br> - Password: The password, such as admin. <br> - IP: The device IP, such as 192.168.1.112. <br> - Port: Leave it as default (554). <br> - Channel: The channel number, which starts from 1. For example, if you are using channel 2 , then the channel=2. <br> - Subtype: The bit stream type; 0 means main stream (Subtype=0) and 1 means sub stream (Subtype=1). <br> Example: If you require the sub stream of channel 2 from a certain device, then the URL should be: <br> rtsp://admin:admin@10.12.4.84:554/cam/realmonitor?channel=21\&=1 <br> If username and password are not needed, then the URL can be: rtsp://ip:port/cam/realmonitor?channel=11\&=0 |
| RTMP Port | Real Time Messaging Protocol Port. This is the port that RTMP provides service. It is 1935 by default. |
| HTTPS Port | Hyper Text Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer Port. It is 443 by default. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.4.3 PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet, is one of the protocols that device uses to connect to the internet. Get the PPPoE username and password from the internet service provider, and then set up network connection through PPPoE, the camera will acquire a WAN dynamic IP address.

## Prerequisites

- The camera has connected to the network.
- You have gotten the account and password from ISP (Internet Service Provider).


## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ PPPoE.

Step 2 Click , and then enter username and password.
Figure 4-32 PPPoE


## [1]

- Disable UPnP while using PPPoE.
- After making PPPoE connection, the device IP address cannot be modified through web page.


## Step 3 Click Apply.

The success prompt box is displayed, and then the real-time WAN IP address is displayed. You can visit camera through the IP address.

### 4.4.4 DDNS

Properly configure DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System), and then the domain name on the DNS server matches your IP address and the matching relation refreshes in real time. You can always access the camera with the same domain name no matter how the IP address changes.

## Prerequisites

Check the type of DNS server supported by the camera.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Network $>$ DDNS.


- Third-party server might collect your device information after DDNS is enabled.
- Register and log in to the DDNS website, and then you can view the information of all the connected devices in your account.
Step 2 Click to enable the function.
Step 3 Configure DDNS parameters.

Figure 4-33 DDNS

| Type | NO-IP DDNS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Server Address | dynupdate.no-ip.com |  |  |  |
| Domain Name | none |  |  | Test |
| Username | none |  |  |  |
| Password | -************** |  |  |  |
| Interval | 1440 |  |  | $\min (1440-2880)$ |
|  | Apply | Refresh | Default |  |

Table 4-16 Description of DDNS parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | The name and web address of the DDNS service provider, see the matching relationship below: <br> - CN99 DDNS web address: www.3322.org <br> - NO-IP DDNS web address: dynupdate.no-ip.com <br> - Dyndns DDNS web address: members.dyndns.org |
|  |  |
| Server Address |  |
|  |  |
| Domain Name | The domain name you registered on the DDNS website. |
| Test | Only when selecting NO-IP DDNS type, you can click Test to check whether the domain name registration is successful. |
| Username | Enter the username and password that you got from the DDNS server provider. You need to register an account (includes username and password) on the DDNS server provider's website. |
| Password |  |
| Interval | The update cycle of the connection between the device and the server, and the time is 10 minutes by default. |

Step 4 Click Apply.

## Result

Open the browser on PC, enter the domain name at the address bar, and then press Enter, the login page is displayed.

### 4.4.5 Email

Configure email parameter and enable email linkage. The system sends email to the defined address when the corresponding alarm is triggered.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Network $>$ Email.
Step 2 Click to enable the function.
Step 3 Configure email parameters.

Figure 4-34 Email


Table 4-17 Description of email parameters

| Parameter | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SMTP Server | SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer <br> Protocol) server address. |  |
| Port | The port number of the SMTP <br> server. | For details, see Table 4-18. |
| Username | The account of SMTP server. |  |
| Password | The password of SMTP server. |  |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Health Mail | The system sends test mail to check if the connection is successfully <br> configured. Click and configure the Sending Interval, and then <br> the system sends test mail as the set interval. |
| Sending Interval | Sending interval of health mail ranges from 1 second to 3,600 seconds. |

Table 4-18 Description of major mailbox configuration

| Mailb <br> ox | SMTP server | Authenticat <br> ion | Port | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.4.6 UPnP

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a protocol that establishes mapping relation between local area
and wide area networks. This function enables you to visit local area device through wide area IP address.

## Prerequisites

- Make sure the UPnP service is installed in the system.
- Log in to the router, and then configure WAN IP address to set up internet connection.
- Enable UPnP in the router.
- Connect your device to the LAN port of the router.
- Select > Network > TCP/IP, in IP Address, enter the local area IP address of the router or select DHCP and then the system acquires IP address automatically.


## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ UPnP.
Step 2 Click next to Enable, and there are two mapping modes: Custom and Default.
Figure 4-35 UPnP


- Select Custom, click and then you can change external port.
- Select Default, and then the system finishes mapping with unoccupied port automatically, and you cannot edit mapping relation.
- Select Enable Device Discovery to search for the device through the PC's online neighbors. The device name is the serial number.


## Step 3 Click Apply.

Open web browser on PC, enter http:// wide area IP address: external port number, and then you can visit the local area device with corresponding port.

### 4.4.7 SNMP

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) can be used to enable software such as MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser to connect to the camera, and then manage and monitor the camera.

## Prerequisites

- Install SNMP monitoring and managing tools such as MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
- Get the MIB file of the matched version from technical support.


## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ SNMP.
Step 2 Select SNMP version to enable SNMP.

- Select V1, and the system can only process information of V1 version.
- Select V2, and the system can only process information of V2 version.
- Select V3 (Recommended), and then V1 and V2 become unavailable. You can configure username, password and authentication type. It requires corresponding username, password and authentication type to visit your device from the server.


## ID)

Using V1 and V2 might cause data leakage, and V3 is recommended.
Step 3 In Trap Address, enter the IP address of the PC that has MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser installed, and leave other parameters as default.

Figure 4-36 SNMP (1)


Figure 4-37 SNMP (2)


Table 4-19 Description of SNMP parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| SNMP Port | The listening port of the software agent in the device. |
| Read Community | The read and write community string that the software agent <br> supports. <br> Write Community |
| You can enter number, letter, underline and dash to form the <br> name. |  |
| Trap Address | The target address of the Trap information sent by the software <br> agent in the device. |
| Trap Port | The target port of the Trap information sent by the software agent <br> in the device. |
| Read-only Username | Set the read-only username accessing device, and it is public by <br> default. <br> [D] |
| You can enter number, letter, and underline to form the name. |  |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Read/Write Username | Set the read/write username access device, and it is private by <br> default. |
| Authentication Type | You can enter number, letter, and underline to form the name. |
| Authentication Password | It should be no less than 8 digits. |
| Encryption Type | The default is CBC-DES. |
| Encryption Password | It should be no less than 8 digits. |

Step 4 Click Apply.

## Result

View device configuration through MIB Builder or MG-SOFT MIB Browser.

1. Run MIB Builder and MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
2. Compile the two MIB files with MIB Builder.
3. Load the generated modules with MG-SOFT MIB Browser.
4. Enter the IP address of the device you need to manage in the MG-SOFT MIB Browser, and then select version to search.
5. Unfold all the tree lists displayed in the MG-SOFT MIB Browser, and then you can view the configuration information, video channel amount, audio channel amount, and software version.

D]
Use PC with Windows and disable SNMP Trap service. The MG-SOFT MIB Browser will display prompt when alarm is triggered.

### 4.4.8 Bonjour

Enable this function, and the OS and clients that support Bonjour would find the camera automatically. You can have quick visit to the camera with Safari browser. When the device is automatically detected by Bonjour, the name is displayed as the defined server name.


Bonjour is enabled by default.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select 우 $>$ Network $>$ Bonjour.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$, and then configure server name.
Figure 4-38 Bonjour


Step 3 Click Apply.

## Result

In the OS and clients that support Bonjour, follow the steps below to visit the network camera with Safari browser.

1. Click Show All Bookmarks in Safari.
2. Enable Bonjour. The OS or client automatically detects the network cameras with Bonjour enabled in the LAN.
3. Click the camera to visit the corresponding web page.

### 4.4.9 Multicast

When multiple users are viewing the device video image simultaneously through network, it might fail due to the limited bandwidth. You can solve this problem by setting up a multicast IP (224.0.0.0239.255.255.255) for the camera and adopt the multicast protocol.

Step 1 Select 0 > Network $>$ Multicast.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$, and then enter IP address and port number.
Figure 4-39 Multicast


Table 4-20 Description of multicast parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Multicast Address | The multicast IP address of Main Stream/Sub Stream is 224.1.2.4 by default, and the range is 224.0.0.0-239.255.255.255. |
| Port | The range of multicast port is 1025-65500. <br> - Single-channel device: The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40000; Sub Stream1: 40016; Sub Stream2: 40032. <br> - Multi-channel device: <br> 1. Channel 1: The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40000; Sub Stream1: 40016; Sub Stream2: 40032. <br> 2. Channel 2: The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40048; Sub Stream1: 40064; Sub Stream2: 40080. <br> 3. Channel 3: The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40096; Sub Stream1: 40112; Sub Stream2: 40128. <br> 4. Channel 4: The multicast port of corresponding stream: Main Stream: 40144; Sub Stream1: 40160; Sub Stream2: 40176. |

[^0]
## Result

- In the web page, click and then select local. In the Play Parameter area, select Protocol as Multicast.
- Click Live on the main page of the web page, and then monitor the video image of corresponding stream in a multicast form on the Live page.


### 4.4.10 Register

After you enable this function, when the camera is connected into Internet, it will report the current location to the specified server which acts as the transit to make it easier for the client software to access the camera.
Step 1 Select 우 $>$ Network $>$ Register.
Step 2 Click , and then configure Server Address, Port and Sub-Device ID.
Figure 4-40 Register


Table 4-21 Description of register parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Server Address | The IP address or domain name of the server to be registered. |
| Port | The port number of the server to be registered. |
| Sub-Device ID | The custom ID for the camera. |

## Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.4.11 QoS

You can solve problems such as network delay and congestion with QoS (Quality of Service)
function. It helps to assure bandwidth, reduce transmission delay, packet loss rate, and delay jitter to improve experience.
Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ QoS.
Step 2 Configure QoS parameters.

Figure 4-41 QoS


Table 4-22 Description of QoS parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Real-time Monitoring | Configure the priority of the data packets that used for network <br> surveillance. 0 for the lowest and 63 the highest. |
| Operation Command | Configure the priority of the data packets that are used for configure <br> or checking. 0 for the lowest and 63 the highest. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.4.12 Cellular Network

After the device is installed with the Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) card, the device can be connected to the 5 G network through dial-up settings or mobile settings, and then you can remotely preview the real-time video of the device through the platform client or mobile phone client.

- Dial-up setting: Connects the device to the 5G network within a specified time period.
- Mobile setting: Connects the device to the 5G network by sending messages or making calls through mobile phones, and alarm information can be received through messages.


### 4.4.12.1 Dial-up Settings

Connects the device to the 5G network through dial-up settings.
Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ Cellular Network $>$ Dial-up.


After the SIM card is installed, the module information, network status and network signal are displayed.

Step 2 Select Network Type, and then click $\square$ to enable the 5G dial-up function.

Figure 4-42 Dial-up Setting


Step 3 Configure dial-up parameters.
Table 4-23 Description of dial-up setting parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Network Type | The network types are as follows: <br> - 4G (TD-LTE): Dial (For China Mobile/Telecom/Unicom SIM <br> card). |
| - 4G (FDD-LTE): Dial (For Telecom/Unicom SIM card). |  |
| - Auto: We recommend you use the auto mode, and then the |  |
| system automatically selects the signal type. |  |
| - 5G (NR): Dial, text, call (For China Mobile/Telecom/Unicom |  |
| special network card). |  |



## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.4.12.2 Mobile Settings

Connects the device to the 5G network by sending messages or making calls through mobile phones, and alarm information can be received through messages.

- Send SMS: Set the mobile phone number of the receiver, and then all kinds of alarms can be linked with the Platform to send alarm SMS to the receiver.
- Activate by SMS: Set the mobile phone number of the sender, and the sender can send an activation command SMS to the device to enable the device to connect to the network, disconnect from the network, or reboot.
$\diamond$ Send SMS command "on": means to connect the device to the network.
$\diamond$ Send SMS command "off": means to disconnect the device from the network.
$\diamond$ Send SMS command "reboot": means to reboot the device.
- Activate by phone: Set the mobile phone of the caller, and then the caller can call the device and
activate the device to access the network．


## Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Network $>$ Cellular Network $>$ Mobile．

Step 2 Enable Send SMS，Activation by SMS，or Activation by phone according to actual needs．
Figure 4－43 Mobile Setting


Step 3 Enter the phone numbers of receiver，sender and caller，and then click Add to add the mobile phone users to the list．

－Click 罡 to delete the user number．
－When setting SMS，you can modify the title of the SMS message．
Step 4 Click Apply．

## 4．4．13 Platform Access

## 4．4．13．1 P2P

P2P（peer－to－peer）technology enables users to manage devices easily without requiring DDNS，port mapping or transit server．
Scan the QR code with your smartphone，and then you can add and manage more devices on the mobile phone client．
Step 1 Select 园 $>$ Network $>$ Platform Access $>$ P2P．

Figure 4-44 P2P
P2P ONVIF
After enabling the function and connecting Internet, we will collect device information such as IP address, MAC
address, name and serial number. The collected information is only used for remote access of the device. If you
do not agree to enable the function, please cancel the selection of check box.
Status

- When P2P is enabled, remote management on device is supported.
- When P2P is enabled and the device accesses to the network, the status shows online. The information of the IP address, MAC address, device name, and device SN will be collected. The collected information is for remote access only. You can cancel Enable selection to reject the collection.
Step 2 Log in to mobile phone client and tap Device management.
Step 3 Tap + at the upper-right corner.
Step 4 Scan the QR code on the P2P page.
Step 5 Follow the instructions to finish the settings.


### 4.4.13.2 ONVIF

The ONVIF verification is enabled by default, which allows the network video products (including video recording device and other recording devices) from other manufacturers to connect to your device.
ONVIF is enabled by default.
Step 1 Select $>$ Network $>$ Platform Access $>$ ONVIF.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$ next to Login Verification.
Figure 4-45 ONVIF

| P2P | ONVIF | RTMP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Login Verification |  |  |
|  | Apply | Refresh |
|  |  |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.4.13.3 RTMP

Through RTMP, you can access a third-party platform (such as Ali and YouTube) to realize video live view.


- RTMP can be configured by admin only.
- RTMP supports the H. 264, H. 264 B and H. 264 H video formats, and the AAC (Advanced Audio Coding) audio format only.
Step 1 Select $\gg$ Network $>$ Platform Access $>$ RTMP.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$.


Make sure that the IP address is trustable when enabling RTMP.
Step 3 Configure RTMP parameters.
Figure 4-46 RTMP


Table 4-24 Description of RTMP parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Stream Type | The stream for live view. Make sure that the video format is H.264, H. 264 B or H .264 H , and the audio format is AAC. |
| Address Type | - Non-custom: Enter the server IP and domain name. <br> - Custom: Enter the path allocated by the server. |
| Encryption | Click to enable encryption function. |
| IP Address | When selecting Non-custom, you need to enter server IP address |
| Port | - IP address: Support IPv4 or domain name. <br> - Port: Keep the default value. |
| Custom Address | When selecting Custom, you need to enter the path allocated by the server. |

Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.4.14 Basic Service

Configure the IP hosts (devices with IP address) that are allowed to visit the device. Only the hosts in the trusted sites list can log in to the web page. This is to enhance network and data security.
Step 1 Select 아 > Network $>$ Basic Service.
Step 2 Enable the basic service according to the actual needs.
Figure 4-47 Basic service


Table 4-25 Description of basic service parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| SSH | You can enable SSH (Secure Shell) authentication to perform <br> safety management. This function is disabled by default. |
| Multicast/Broadcast Search | Enable this function, and then when multiple users are viewing <br> the device video image simultaneously through network, they <br> can find your device with multicast/broadcast protocol. |
| CGI | Enable this function, and then other devices can access through <br> this service. The function is enabled by default. CGI: Common <br> Gateway Interface. |
| ONVIF | Enable this function, and then alarm capture picture triggered by <br> the Camera is sent to your mobile phone. This is enabled by <br> default. |
| Genetec | Select the authentication mode from Security Mode and <br> Compatible Mode. Security mode is recommended. |
| Mobile Push Notification |  |
| Private Protocol <br> Authentication Mode | Compatible with the old platform login mode. The default is <br> digest mode. |
| RTSP Login Mode |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

## 4．5 PTZ

This section introduces the configuration of PTZ parameters，such as preset，tour，and PTZ speed．

－The panorama camera channel and the detail camera channel support different functions，and might differ from the actual page．
－Some models of panorama camera channels do not support focus，zoom and iris adjustment functions，and might differ from the actual page．
You can enter the page of PTZ through two methods．The following content of the chapter uses the button entry from the upper right corner of the page as an example．
－Click PTZ on the main web page．
－Click on the upper right corner of the page，and then click PTZ．

## 4．5．1 Configuring Presets

The camera saves parameters（such as current status of PTZ pan／tilt，focus）to the memory，so that you can quickly call these parameters and adjust the PTZ to the correct position．

## Procedure

Step 1 Click 0 and then select PTZ $>$ Preset．
Step 2 Set step length and click the direction buttons to adjust PTZ Direction．Click the $\oplus \in \quad \pm \therefore=$ to adjust zoom，focus and iris to adjust the camera to the proper position．
Step 3 Click Add Preset．
Add the current position to be a preset，and the preset is displayed in preset list．
Figure 4－48 Add preset

| Add Preset | Clear |  | Refresh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No． | Name | Apply | Delete |
| 1 | Preset1 | 圆 | 亩 |
| 2 | Preset2 | 图 | 亩 |
| 3 | Preset3 | 圆 | 㐭 |

Step 4 Double－click Preset Title to change the name of the corresponding preset in the screen．
Step 5 Click to save the preset．

## Related Operations

－Delete preset：Click 亩 to delete corresponding preset．
－Clear all presets：Click Clear to delete all added presets．

### 4.5.2 Configuring Tour

Configure Tour and the PTZ camera repeats performing tours among the configured presets after configuration.

## Prerequisites

You need to setup several preset points in advance.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click and then select PTZ $>$ Tour.
Step 2 Click Add Tour Group, and then double click Name to change the name of tour.
Step 3 Select tour group and then select the presets from the Preset Point drop-down list on the left.
Repeat this step to add several presets for the tour group.
Step 4 Configure Stay Time(S) and Speed to set the stay time of the Camera at the preset point and its rotating speed.
Stay time is measured in seconds. The value ranges from 15 seconds to 3600 seconds.
Figure 4-49 Tour group


Step 5 Select Tour mode.

- Original Path: The camera rotates in the order of selected preset points.
- Shortest path: The camera rearranges the preset points according to distance, and then rotates them according to the shortest path.


This function is available on select models.
Step 6 Click Apply to complete settings.
Step 7 Click to start tour.

- The ongoing tour stops if any operation is made to the PTZ.
- Click to stop tour.


## Related Operations

- Delete tour group: Click 亩 to delete corresponding tour group.
- Clear all tour groups: Click Clear to delete all added tour groups.


### 4.5.3 Configuring Scan

Scan means the Camera moves horizontally at a certain speed between the defined left and right boundaries.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click 우 and then select PTZ $>$ Scan.
Step 2 Click Add Scan, and then double click Name to change the name of scan.
Step 3 Configure the left and right boundaries of the scan.

1) Adjust the direction of the camera to the left edge of the scan and click on the Left Limit to set the current position to the Left Limit of the camera.
2) Adjust the direction of the camera to the right edge of the scan and click on the Right Limit to set the current position to the Right Limit of the camera.

Figure 4-50 Scan


Step 4 Click to start scanning.
Click to stop scanning.

## Related Operations

- Delete scan: Click 㐭 to delete corresponding scan.
- Clear all scans: Click Clear to delete all added scans.


### 4.5.4 Configuring Pattern

Pattern records a series of operations that makes to the Camera. The operations include horizontal and vertical movements, zoom and preset calling. After recording and saving the operations, you can call the pattern path directly.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click and then select PTZ > Pattern.
Step 2 Click Add Pattern, and then double click Name to change the name of pattern.
Step 3 Click to adjust the direction, focus, zoom and other parameters according to actual needs.
Step 4 Click II to complete records.

Figure 4－51 Pattern

| Add Pattern | Clear |  | Refresh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No． | Name | Setting | Run |
| 1 | Pattern1 | $\bullet$ | Delete |
| 2 | Pattern2 | $\bullet$ | 玄 |

Step 5 Click o to start pattern．
Click to stop pattern．

## Related Operations

－Delete pattern：Click 亩 to delete the corresponding pattern．
－Clear all patterns：Click Clear to delete all added patterns．

## 4．5．5 Configuring Pan

Pan refers to the continuous $360^{\circ}$ rotation of the Camera in a horizontal way at a certain speed．
Step 1 Click 回，and then select PTZ＞Pan．
Step 2 Configure the rotation speed．
－Click Start and PTZ starts horizontal rotation．
－Click Stop to stop the pan．
Figure 4－52 Pan


## 4．5．6 Configuring PTZ Speed

Configure the rotation speed when manually controlling the PTZ．
Step 1 Click ${ }^{\text {⿴囗⿱一一⿴}}$ and then select PTZ $>$ PTZ Speed．

Figure 4-53 PTZ Speed


Step 2 Select PTZ speed, and then click Apply.

### 4.5.7 Configuring Idle Motion

Idle motion refers to a preset motion when the PTZ does not receive any valid command within a certain period.

## Prerequisites

You have set PTZ motions such as preset, tour, scan and pattern in advance.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click and then select PTZ $>$ PTZ Speed.
Step 2 Click to enable idle motion.
Step 3 Configure idle interval time, and then select idle motion type.

Figure 4-54 Idle motion


Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.5.8 Configuring Power Up

After configuring PowerUp, the camera will automatically perform the set motion after being powered up.

## Prerequisites

You have set PTZ motions such as preset, tour, scan and pattern in advance.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click 回 and then select PTZ $>$ PowerUp.
Step 2 Click to enable PowerUp function.
Step 3 Select PowerUp type.


Select Auto and the system will implement the last action performed for more than 20 seconds before the Camera is shut down.

Figure 4-55 PowerUp


## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.5.9 Configuring PTZ Rotation Limit

Configure PTZ rotation limit to enable the Camera to move only within the defined PTZ area, and to rotate only within the limit range when calling functions such as tour and pan.
Step 1 Click and then select PTZ $>$ PTZ Rotation Limit.
Step 2 Adjust the device direction to the Up Limit, and then click up limit Setting to set the current position to the up limit.
Step 3 Adjust the device direction to the Down Limit, and then click down limit Setting to set the current position to the down limit.
Step 4 Click Go to to preview the defined up/down limit.

Figure 4-56 PTZ rotation limit




Step 5 Select the elevation value from the drop-down list of Max Elevation Angle.


This function is available on select models.
Step 6 Click Enable to enable PTZ Rotation Limit.

### 4.5.10 Configuring Scheduled Task

After setting scheduled task, the Camera performs the relevant motions during the set period.

## Prerequisites

You have set PTZ motions such as preset, tour, scan and pattern in advance.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click 回 and then select PTZ > Scheduled Task.
Step 2 Click Add Scheduled Task.
Step 3 Select Task Action.
Some task actions need to select corresponding action number.
Step 4 Select Time Plan or click Add Schedule. Configure the name and time of the scheduled task in the pop-up page, and then click Apply.
To configure arming/disarming period, see"4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".

Figure 4-57 Scheduled task


Step 5 Set the time for Auto Home.
Auto Home: When the scheduled task is interrupted by an artificial call to the PTZ, the device will automatically resume the scheduled task after the auto home time.
Step 6 Click Apply.

### 4.5.11 Configuring PTZ Maintenance

## PTZ Maintenance includes PTZ Restart and Default.

Step 1 Click ${ }^{\text {@ }}$ and then select PTZ $>$ PTZ Maintenance.
Step 2 Click PTZ Restart to restart PTZ or click Default to restore PTZ to defaults.
!
Default PTZ will restore the Camera to defaults. Think twice before clicking Default.

### 4.5.12 Configuring Protocol

Configure parameters for RS-485.
Step 1 Click 回 and then select PTZ $>$ Protocol.

Figure 4-58 Configure protocol

| RS-485 | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Address | 9600 |  |
| Baud Rate | 8 |  |
| Data Bit | 1 |  |
| Stop Bit | None |  |
| Parity | Apply | Refresh |

## Step 2

Click Apply.

### 4.6 Event

Click Event to configure general events, including alarm linkage, exception, video detection, and audio detection.
You can go to the Event page through two methods. This following section uses method 1 as an example.

- Method 1: Click on the right-upper corner of the main page, and then click Event.
- Method 2: Click Event on the page.


### 4.6.1 Setting Alarm Linkage

### 4.6.1.1 Setting Alarm-in

When an alarm is triggered by the device connected to the alarm-in port, the system performs the defined alarm linkage.
Step 1 Select ㅇ Event $>$ Alarm.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$ next to Enable to enable alarm linkage.

Figure 4-59 Alarm linkage


Step 3 Select an alarm-in port and a sensor type.

- Anti-Dither: Only record one alarm event during the anti-dither period.
- Sensor Type: NO or NC.

Step 4 Select the schedule and arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage".
If the exiting schedules cannot meet the scene requirement, you can click Add Schedule to add new schedule. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".

## Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage

When configuring alarm events, select alarm linkages (such as record, snapshot). When the corresponding alarm is triggered in the defined arming period, the system will trigger alarm linkage. Select 回 > Event > Alarm, and then clicknext to Enable to enable alarm linkage.

Figure 4-60 Alarm linkage


### 4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule

Configure arming schedule. The system only performs corresponding linkage action in the defined period.
Step 1 Click Add Schedule next to Schedule.
Step 2 Click Time Plan Table.
You can set up multiple time plan tables for selection.
Step 3 Configure the name of the Time Plan Table.
Step 4 Configure arming periods.

1) Press and drag the left mouse button on the timeline to set arming periods. The green area on the timeline means that this time period has been armed.

Figure 4-61 Configuring arming period

2) Click the selected time period, and then enter the specific time in the text box to configure exact arming period.

Figure 4-62 Configuring exact arming period


Step 5 (Optional) Click Copy, select weeks, and then click Apply.
Time plans for the current week can be quickly copied to other weeks.
Step 6 Click Apply.

### 4.6.1.2.2 Record Linkage

After enabling Record Linkage, the system can link record channel when an alarm event occurs. After the alarm, the system stops recording after an extended time period according to the Post-

[^1]
## Prerequisites

- Enable the corresponding alarm type (Normal, Motion, or Alarm) before the record channel links recording. For details, see "6.3 Setting Record Plan".
- Enable auto record mode before the record linkage takes effect. For details, see " 6.2 Setting Record Control".


## Setting Record Linkage

On the Alarm page, click $\square$ to enable record linkage, select the channel, and then set Post-
Record to set alarm linkage and record delay.
After Post-Record is configured, alarm recording continues for an extended period after the alarm ends.

Figure 4-63 Record linkage

| Record |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Post-Record | 10 |

### 4.6.1.2.3 Snapshot Linkage

After snapshot linkage is configured, the system can automatically alarm and take snapshots when an alarm is triggered.

## Prerequisites

Enable the corresponding alarm type (Normal, Motion, or Alarm) before the snapshot channel links capturing. For details, see "6.3 Setting Record Plan".

## Setting record linkage

On the Alarm page, click
 to enable snapshot linkage, and select the channel

Figure 4-64 Snapshot linkage

## Snapshot



### 4.6.1.2.4 Alarm-out Linkage

When an alarm is triggered, the system can automatically link with alarm-out device.
On the Alarm page, click $\square$ to enable alarm-out linkage, select the channel and then configure

## Post alarm.

When alarm delay is configured, alarm continues for an extended period after the alarm ends.

## (1)

If the Camera has multiple alarm-out channels, you need to select the linkage alarm-out channel.
Figure 4-65 Alarm-out linkage

| Alarm-out Port | P |
| :--- | :--- |
| Post-alarm | 10 |
|  | $\sec (10-300)$ |

### 4.6.1.2.5 Email Linkage

When an alarm is triggered, the system will automatically send an email to defined users.

## Prerequisites

Email linkage takes effect only when SMTP is configured. For details, see "4.4.5 Email".

## Setting Email Linkage

On the Alarm page, click $\square$ to enable email linkage.
Figure 4-66 Email linkage

```
Send Email
```


### 4.6.1.3 Alarm Linkage

When configuring alarm events, select alarm linkages (such as record, snapshot). When the corresponding alarm is triggered in the defined arming period, the system will trigger alarm linkage.
Step 1 Select $>$ Event $>$ Alarm, and then click $\square$ next to Enable to enable alarm linkage.
Step 2 Click Apply.
Figure 4-67 Alarm linkage


### 4.6.1.4 Subscribing to Alarm

### 4.6.1.4.1 Alarm Types

Following are the alarm types and preparations of alarm events.
Table 4-26 Description of alarm types

| Alarm Type | Description | Preparation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Motion Detection | The alarm is triggered when a <br> moving object is detected. | Motion detection is enabled. For <br> details, see "4.6.3.1 Setting Motion <br> Detection". |
| Disk Full | The alarm is triggered when the <br> free space of SD card is less than <br> the configured value. | Insufficient SD card space detection <br> is enabled. For details, see "4.6.2.1 <br> Setting SD Card Exception". |
| Disk Error | The alarm is triggered when <br> there is a failure or malfunction <br> in the SD card. | SD card failure detection is enabled. <br> For details, see "4.6.2.1 Setting SD <br> Card Exception". |
| Video Tampering | The alarm is triggered when the <br> camera lens is covered or there is <br> a defocus in video images. | Video tampering is enabled. For <br> details, see "4.6.3.2 Setting Video <br> Tampering". |
| External Alarm | The alarm is triggered when <br> there is an external alarm input. | The device has alarm input port <br> and external alarm function is <br> enabled. For details, see "4.6.1.1 <br> Setting Alarm-in". |
| Security Warning | The alarm is triggered when <br> there is a security warning. | Security warning is enabled. For <br> details, see "9.6 Security Warning" |
| Audio Detection | The alarm is triggered when <br> there is an audio connection <br> problem. | Abnormal audio detection is <br> enabled. For details, see "4.6.4 <br> Setting Audio Detection". |
| IVS | The alarm is triggered when an <br> intelligent rule is triggered. | IVS, face detection, people <br> counting, or other intelligent <br> functions is enabled. |
| Scene Changing | The alarm is triggered when the <br> device monitoring scene <br> changes. | Scene changing detection is <br> enabled. For details, see "4.6.3.3 <br> Setting Scene Changing". |
| Voltage Detection | The alarm is triggered when the <br> device detects abnormal voltage <br> input. | Voltage detection is enabled. For <br> details, see "4.6.2.3 Setting <br> Tampering Detection". |
| Sxeption | The alarm is triggered when the <br> device detects malicious attack. | Voltage detection is enabled. For <br> details, see "9.1 Security Status". |

### 4.6.1.4.2 Subscribing to Alarm Information

You can subscribe alarm event. When a subscribed alarm event is triggered, the system records detailed alarm information on the bottom of the page.


Functions of different devices might vary.
Step 1 Click on the right-upper corner of the main page.

Step 2 Click next to Alarm to enable alarm subscription, and then the system prompts and records alarm information according to actual conditions.

- When the subscribed alarm event is triggered and the alarm subscription page is not displayed, a number is displayed on and the alarm information is recorded automatically. Click to view the details in the alarm list. You can click Clear to clear the record.
- When the subscribed alarm event is triggered and the system is in the alarm page, the corresponding alarm information will be displayed in the alarm list below.

Figure 4-68 Alarm (subscription)


## Step 3 Click next to Play Alarm Tone, and then select the tone path.

The system will play the selected audio file when the subscribed alarm is triggered.

### 4.6.2 Setting Exception

Abnormality includes SD card exception, network exception and tampering detection.
Only the device with SD card function has exception setting functions, including No SD Card, SD
Card Error, and Low SD card space.

### 4.6.2.1 Setting SD Card Exception

In case of SD card exception, the system performs alarm linkage. The event types include No SD

## Card, Low SD Card Space, and SD Card Error. Functions might vary with different models.

## Step 1 Select > Event > Exception > SD Card Exception.

Step 2 Select event type, and then enable SD card exception detection.
When the event type is Low SD card space, you can configure Free Space. When the remaining free space is less than this value, an alarm is triggered.

Figure 4-69 SD card exception

| SD Card Exception |  | Network Exception |  |  | Tampering Detection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No SD card |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low SD card space |  |  |  |  |  |
| Free Space |  |  | 10 |  | \%(0-99) |
| Alarm-out Port |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alarm Channel |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |
| Post-alarm |  |  | 10 |  | $\sec (10-300)$ |
| Send Email |  |  |  |  |  |
| SD card error |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apply Refresh Default |  |  |  |  |  |

Step 3 Click $\quad$ to enable the SD card detection functions.
When Low SD Card Space is enabled, set Capacity Limit. When the remaining space of SD card is less than this value, the alarm is triggered.
Step 4 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage".
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.6.2.2 Setting Network Exception

In case of network exception, the system performs alarm linkage. The event types include Offline and IP Conflict.

Step 1 Select ㅇ Event $>$ Exception $>$ Network Exception.

Figure 4-70 Network exception


Step 2 Click to enable the network exception detection.
Step 3 Set alarm linkage actions. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage".
Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.6.2.3 Setting Tampering Detection

Step 1 Select $>$ Event $>$ Exception $>$ Tampering Detection.
Step 2 Click $\bigcirc$ to enable the tampering detection function.
Step 3 Configure alarm parameters.

Figure 4-71 Setting tampering detection


## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.6.3 Setting Video Detection

Check whether there are considerable changes on the video by analyzing video images. In case of any considerable change on the video (such as moving object, fuzzy image), the system performs an alarm linkage.

### 4.6.3.1 Setting Motion Detection

The system performs an alarm linkage when a moving object appears in the image and its moving speed reaches the defined sensitivity.


- If you enable motion detection and smart motion detection simultaneously, and configure the linked activities, the linked activities take effect as follows:
$\diamond$ When motion detection is triggered, the camera will record videos and take snapshots, but other configured linkages such as sending emails, PTZ operation will not take effect.
$\diamond$ When smart motion detection is triggered, all the configured linkages take effect.
- If you only enable motion detection, all the configured linkages take effect when motion detection is triggered.
Step 1 Select 이 Event $>$ Video Detection $>$ Motion Detection.

Figure 4-72 Motion detection


Step 2 Click to enable the motion detection function.
Step 3 Set the area for motion detection.

1) Click Setting next to Area.

Figure 4-73 Area

2) Select a color and set the region name. Select an effective area for motion detection in the image and set Sensitivity and Threshold.

- Select a color on $\square \square$ to set different detection parameters for each
region.
- Sensitivity: Sensitive degree of outside changes. The higher sensitivity is, the easier to trigger the alarm.
- Threshold: Effective area threshold for Motion Detection. The smaller the threshold is, the easier the alarm is triggered.
- The whole video image is the effective area for Motion Detection by default. Select color blocks to configure different detection parameters for different regions.
- The red line in the waveform indicates that the Motion Detection is triggered, and the green line indicates that there is no motion is detected. Adjust sensitivity and threshold according to the waveform.

3) Click OK.

Step 4 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage". If the exiting schedules cannot meet the scene requirement, you can click Add Schedule to add a new schedule. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
Anti-dither: After the Anti-dither time is set, the system only records one motion detection event in the period.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.6.3.2 Setting Video Tampering

The system performs alarm linkage when the lens is covered or video output is mono-color caused by light and other reasons.
Step 1 Select $>$ Event $>$ Video Detection $>$ Video Tampering.
Step 2 Select Channel and then click to enable the video tampering detection.
Figure 4-74 Video tampering


Step 3 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage". If the exiting schedules cannot meet the scene requirement, you can click Add Schedule
to add a new schedule. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
Anti-dither: After the Anti-dither time is set, the system only records one motion detection event in the period.
Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.6.3.3 Setting Scene Changing

The system performs alarm linkage when the image switches from the current scene to another one.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Event $>$ Video Detection $>$ Scene Changing.
Step 2 Select Channel and then click to enable the scene changing detection.
Figure 4-75 Scene changing


Step 3 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage". If the exiting schedules cannot meet the scene requirement, you can click Add Schedule to add a new schedule. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule". Anti-dither: After the Anti-dither time is set, the system only records one motion detection event in the period.
Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.6.4 Setting Audio Detection

The system performs alarm linkage when vague voice, tone change, or rapid change of sound intensity is detected.
Step 1 Select 回 > Event $>$ Audio Detection.
Step 2 (Optional) Select audio channels.
When the camera supports multiple audio channels, you can select different audio channels.
Step 3 Configure parameters of audio detection.

- Input abnormal: Click $\square$ to enable Audio Exception, and the alarm is triggered
when the system detects abnormal sound input.
- Intensity change: Click $\square$ to enable Intensity Change and then configure

Sensitivity and Threshold. The alarm is triggered when the system detects that the sound intensity exceeds the configured threshold.
$\diamond$ The alarm is easier to be triggered with higher sensitivity or smaller threshold. Set a high threshold for noisy environment.
$\diamond$ The red line in the waveform indicates audio detection is triggered, and the green one indicates no audio is detected. Adjust sensitivity and threshold according to the waveform.

Figure 4-76 Audio detection


Step 4 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage". If the exiting schedules cannot meet the scene requirement, you can click Add Schedule to add a new schedule. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
Anti-dither: After the Anti-dither time is set, the system only records one motion detection event in the period.
Step 5 Click Apply.

### 4.7 Storage

Display the information of the local SD card. You can set it as read only or read \& write; you can also
hot swap and format SD card.

## Background Information



- If you enter an incorrect password for five consecutive times during authentication, password change or password clearing, the account will be locked for five minutes.
- Before using the recording and playback function, ensure that the SD card has been authenticated.
- The health status of the SD card is classified as follows.
- Green: The SD card status is optimal.
- Blue:The SD card status is good.
$\diamond$ Orange: The SD card status is moderate.
- Red: The SD card status is bad. Change the SD card in time.
- If the capacity of the SD card is obviously smaller than the nominal capacity when it is read by the computer, it means the SD card has been formatted to a private file system. You need to download DiskManager from Dahua Tool Manager to read the SD card. For details, contact Dahua technical personnel.
- Functions might vary with different models.


## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ Storage.
Step 2 Select the SD card to be configured, and then perform the following operations as needed.

- Click Read-Only, and then the SD card is set to read only.
- Click Read \& Write, and then the SD card is set to read \& write.
- Click Hot Swap, and then you can pull out the SD card.
- Click Format, and you can format the SD card.

Click OK in the pop-up dialog box to format the SD card.
Figure 4-77 Storage


### 4.8 System

This section introduces system configurations, including general, date \& time, account, peripheral management, manager and upgrade.
You can go to the System page through two methods. This following section uses method 1 as an example.

- Method 1: Click on the right-upper corner of the main page, and then click System.
- Method 2: Click System on the main page.


### 4.8.1 General

### 4.8.1.1 Basic

You can configure device name and video standard.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ System $>$ General $>$ Basic.
Figure 4-78 Basic


Step 2 Configure general parameters.
Table 4-27 Description of general parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Enter the device name. When a device is added by another device, <br> the device name is displayed as the defined device name. <br> Video Standard <br> Analog Output |
| Different devices have different names. |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.8.1.2 Date \& Time

You can configure date and time format, time zone, current time, DST (Daylight Saving Time) or NTP (Network Time Protocol) server.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ System $>$ General $>$ Date \& Time.

Figure 4-79 Date and time


Step 2 Configure date and time parameters.
Table 4-28 Description of date and time parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time | - Manually Setting: Configure the parameters manually. <br> - NTP: When selecting NTP, the system then syncs time with the <br> internet server in real time. <br> You can also enter the IP address, time zone, port, and interval of a <br> PC running NTP server to use NTP. |
| System Time | Configure system time. <br> Click Sync with PC, and the system time changes to the PC time. |
| Time Format | Configure the time format. |
| Time Zone | Configure the time zone that the camera is at. |
| DST | Enable DST as needed. <br> Click <br> Date or Week. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.8.2 Account

You can manage users, such as add, delete, or edit them. Users include admin, added users and ONVIF users.

Only administrator users can manage users and groups. The operations include adding or deleting users and user groups, modifying user information.

- The max. length of the user or group name is 31 characters which consist of number, letter, underline, dash, dot and @.
- The password must consist of 8-32 non-blank characters and contain at least two types of the following characters: Uppercase, lowercase, numbers, and special characters (excluding ' " ; : \&).
- You can have up to 18 users (excluding the admin user) and 1 anonymous user, and you can have six user groups (excluding the admin and user groups).
- You can manage users through a single user or group, and duplicate usernames or group names are not allowed. A user can only be in one group at a time, and the group users can only own authorities within the group authority range.
- Online users cannot edit their own authority.
- The default user name of the system is admin, which has the highest authority.
- Select Anonymous Login, and then log in with only IP address instead of username and password. Anonymous users only have preview authorities. During anonymous login, click Logout to log in with other username.


### 4.8.2.1 Adding User

You are admin user by default. You can add users and configure different authorities.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select $>$ System $>$ Account $>$ User.
Figure 4-80 User


## Step 2 Click Add.

Figure 4-81 Add user (system)


Figure 4-82 Add user (live)


Figure 4-83 Add user (search)


Figure 4-84 Add user (restricted log)


Step 3 Configure user parameters.
Table 4-29 Description of user parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Username | User's unique identification. You cannot use existing user name. <br> The max. length of the user or group name is 31 characters which <br> consist of number, letter, underline, dash, dot and @. |
| Password | Enter password and confirm it again. <br> The password must consist of 8-32 non-blank characters and <br> contain at least two types of the following characters: Uppercase, <br> lowercase, numbers, and special characters (excluding " $;: \&$ \&). Set <br> a high-security password based on the password strength <br> prompt. |
| Group | The group that users belong to. Each group has different <br> authorities. |
| Remarks | Describe the user. |
| System | Select system authorities as needed. <br> [D. |
| Live | We recommend giving fewer authorities to normal users than <br> premium users. |
| Search | Select the live view authority for the user to be added. |
|  | Select the search authority for the user to be added. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Set the PC address that allows the defined user to log in to the <br> camera and the validity period and time range. You can log in to <br> the web page with the defined IP in the defined time range of <br> validity period. Set as follows: <br> - Enable IP address, select IP type and then configure IP <br> address. |
| Restricted Login | $\diamond$ IP address: Enter the IP address of the host to be added. <br> $\diamond$ IP segment: Enter the start address and end address of the <br> host to be added. |
|  | - Enable Validity Period, and then configure start and end <br> time. <br> Enable Period, and then click Time Plan to set the login <br> period. |

Step 4 Click Apply.
The newly added user is displayed in the user list.

## Related Operations

- Modify user group information.

Click to edit password, group, remarks or authorities.


For admin account, you can only edit the password.

- Delete user group.

Click 㐭 to delete the added user group.
(1)

The admin account and user group cannot be deleted.

### 4.8.2.2 Resetting Password

When you need to reset the password for the admin account, there will be a security code sent to the linked email address which can be used to reset the password.
Step 1 Select 0 System $>$ Account $>$ User.
Figure 4-85 Resetting password


Step 2 Click to enable Password Reset.
If the function is not enabled, you can only reset the password by resetting the camera.
Step 3 Enter the reserved email address.
After configuring the reserved email address, you can set a new password by clicking Forgot password? on the login interface.

## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 4.8.2.3 Adding User Group

You have two groups named admin and user by default, and you can add new group, delete added group or edit group authority and remarks.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ System $>$ Account $>$ Group.
Figure 4-86 Group name


## Step 2 Click Add.

Step 3 Enter the user group name and remarks, and then select the system, preview and playback authorities for the user group.
The max length of the user or group name is 31 characters which consist of number, letter, underline, dash, dot and @.

Figure 4-87 Add group


Table 4-30 Description of user group parameters

| Group Authority | Admin | User | Functions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| System | YES | NA | System time setting <br> and more. |
| System Info | YES | NA | Version information, <br> system logs and <br> more. |
| Manual Control | YES | NA | PTZ settings. |
| File Backup | YES | NA | File backup. |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Group Authority } & \text { Admin } & \text { User } & \text { Functions } \\ \hline \text { Storage } & \text { YES } & \text { NA } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Storage point } \\ \text { configuration, } \\ \text { snapshot recording } \\ \text { time configuration, } \\ \text { SFTP configuration } \\ \text { and more. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Event } & \text { YES } & \text { NA } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Video detection } \\ \text { settings, audio } \\ \text { detection settings, } \\ \text { alarm settings and } \\ \text { more. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Network } & \text { YES } & \text { NA } & \begin{array}{l}\text { IP settings, SMTP } \\ \text { settings, }\end{array} \\ \text { sethP } \\ \text { settings, AP Hotspot }\end{array}\right\}$

- Any user in the Admin group has User authorities to modify group authorities. The


## User group does not have this authority.

- The functions of the device correspond to the authority control respectively. Only user with specified authority can use corresponding function; the Admin group has all the authorities.
Step 4 Enter the group name and remarks, and then select group authorities.
Step 5 Click OK to finish configuration.
The newly added group displays in the group name list.


## Related Operations

- Modify user group information.

Click to edit password, group, remarks or authorities.


For admin account, you can only edit the password.

- Delete user group.

Click 㐭 to delete the added users.
The admin account and user group cannot be deleted.

### 4.8.2.4 ONVIF User

You can add, delete ONVIF user, and change their passwords. The default ONVIF user is admin. Step 1 Select $>$ System $>$ Account $>$ ONVIF User.

Figure 4-88 ONVIF user


## Step 2 Click Add.

Figure 4-89 Add ONVIF user


Step 3 Configure user parameters.
Table 4-31 Description of ONVIF user parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Username | User's unique identification. You cannot use existed username. <br> The max length of the user or group name is 31 characters which <br> consist of number, letter, underline, dash, dot and @. |
| Password | Enter password and confirm it again. <br> The password must consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and <br> contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower <br> case, number, and special character (excluding ' $" ;: \&)$. |
| Confirm Password | The group that users belong to. Each group has different <br> authorities. |
| Group Name |  |

Step 4 Click OK.
The newly added user displays in the username list.

## Related Operations

- Modify user group information.

Click to edit password, group, remarks or authorities.

## II

For admin account, you can only edit the password.

- Delete user group.

Click 亩 to delete the added users.
The admin account cannot be deleted.

### 4.8.3 Peripheral Management

Step 1 Select 回 $>$ System $>$ Peripheral $\gg$ Wiper.
Step 2 Configure working mode of wipers.
Figure 4-90 Wiper


Table 4-32 Configure parameters of wiper

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mode | Select the start mode of wiper. Only manual mode is supported at <br> present. |
| Interval Time | The interval time between stop mode and start mode. For <br> example, set the time to 10 s, and the wiper will work every 10 s. |
| Duration Limit | Enable Duration Limit and configure Max Running Time, and <br> then the wiper will automatically turn off when it runs up to this <br> time. |
| Max Running Time |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.8.4 Manager

### 4.8.4.1 Requirements

To make sure the system runs normally, maintain it as the following requirements:

- Check surveillance images regularly.
- Clear regularly user and user group information that is not frequently used.
- Change the password every three months. For details, see "4.8.2 Account".
- View system logs and analyze them, and process the abnormity in time.
- Back up the system configuration regularly.
- Restart the device and delete the old files regularly.
- Update firmware in time.


### 4.8.4.2 Maintenance

You can restart the system manually, and then set the time of auto reboot and auto deleting old files. This function is disabled by default.
Step 1 Select 이 $>$ System $>$ Manager $>$ Maintenance.
Figure 4-91 Maintenance


Step 2 Configure auto maintain parameters.

- Click next to Auto Reboot in Restart System, and set the reboot time, the system automatically restarts at the set time every week.
- Click $\bigcirc$ next to Auto Delete in Delete Old Files, and set the time, the system automatically deletes old files at the set time. The time range is 1 to 31 days.


## (1)

When you enable and confirm the Auto Delete function, the deleted files cannot be restored. Operate it carefully.

## Step 3 Click Apply.

### 4.8.4.3 Import/Export

- Export the system configuration file to back up the system configuration.
- Import system configuration file to make quick configuration or recover system configuration.

Step 1 Select $>$ System $>$ Manager $>$ Import/Export.

Figure 4-92 Import/export


Step 2 Import and export.

- Import: Select local configuration file, and click Import File to import the local system configuration file to the system.
- Export: Click Export Configuration file to export the system configuration file to local storage.


### 4.8.4.4 Default

Restore the device to default configuration or factory settings.


This function will restore the device to default configuration or factory settings. Operate it carefully. Select $>$ System $>$ Manager $>$ Default

- Click Default, and then all the configurations except IP address and account are recovered to default.
- Click Factory Default, and all the configurations are restored to factory settings.

Figure 4-93 Default

| Maintenance Import/Export | Default |
| :---: | :---: |
| Default |  |
| Factory Defaults |  |
| Other configurations will be recovered to default except network, user |  |
| management and so on. |  |
| All the parameters will be restored to factory default settings. |  |

### 4.8.5 Upgrade

Upgrading to the latest system can refine camera functions and improve stability.
$\square$
If wrong upgrade file has been used, restart the device; otherwise some functions might not work properly.
Step 1 Select $>$ System $>$ Upgrade.

Figure 4-94 Upgrade

| File Update |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Path | Browse Update |  |
|  |  |  |

Step 2 Click Browse, and then upload upgrade file. The upgrade file should be a .bin file.
Step 3 Click Upgrade.
The upgrade starts.

### 4.9 System Information

You can view the information, including version, log and online user, and back up or clear log.

### 4.9.1 Version

View the ONVIF Version, System Version, Web Version and other information of the camera. Select $>$ System Info $>$ Version to view the version information of the camera.

### 4.9.2 Online User

View all the current users logging into the web.
Select - System Info > Online User to view all the current users logging into the device.

### 4.9.3 Durability Statistics

View the Total Working Time, Update Times, Last Upgrade Date of the camera.
Select > System Info > Durability Statistics to view the durability statistics of the camera.

### 4.9.4 Legal Info

View the Software License Agreement, Privacy Policy, Open Source Software Notice of the camera.

Select > System Info > Legal Info to view the legal information of the camera.

### 4.10 Setting Log

### 4.10.1 Log

You can view and back up logs.
Step 1 Select 回 $>$ Log $>$ Log.
Step 2 Configure Start Time and End Time, and then select the log type.

The start time should be no earlier than January 1, 2000, and the end time should be no later than December 31, 2037.
The log type includes All, System, Setting, Data, Event, Record, Account, and Security

- System: Includes program start, abnormal close, close, program reboot, device closedown, device reboot, system reboot, and system upgrade.
- Setting: Includes saving configuration and deleting configuration file.
- Data: Includes configuring disk type, clearing data, hot swap, FTP state, and record mode.
- Event (records events such as video detection, smart plan, alarm and abnormality): Includes event start and event end.
- Record: Includes file access, file access error, and file search.
- Account: Includes login, logout, adding user, deleting user, editing user, adding group, deleting group, and editing group.
- Security: Includes password resetting and IP filter.


## Step 3 Click Search.

- Click 目 or click a certain log to view the detailed information in Details area.
- Click Backup to back up all found logs to local PC.

Figure 4-95 Log


### 4.10.2 Remote Log

Configure remote log, and then you can get the related log by accessing the set address.
Step 1 Select 우 $>$ Log $>$ Remote Log.
Step 2 Click to enable remote log function.
Step 3 Configure address, port and device number.
Step 4 Click Apply.

Figure 4-96 Remote log

| Enable |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Server Address |  |  |  | (1-65534) |
| Port | 514 |  |  |  |
| Device No. | 22 |  |  | (0-23) |
|  | Apply | Refresh | Default |  |

## 5 Live

This chapter introduces the layout of the page and function configuration.

### 5.1 Live Page

This section respectively describes the Live page for single-channel and multi-channel devices. Click Live on the main web page to enter Live page.
(1)

Pages might vary with different models.
Figure 5-1 Live (single-channel)


Figure 5-2 Live (multi-channel)


Table 5-1 The description of live page

| Number | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Display mode | Switches the video display mode. It includes general <br> mode, face mode and metadata mode. For details, see <br> "5.5 Display Mode". |
| 2 | Channel list | Displays all channels. You can select the channel and set <br> the stream type. |


| Number | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | Image adjustment | Adjusts the images in the live viewing. For details, see <br> "5.4 Window Adjustment Bar". |
| 4 | Live view | Displays the real-time monitoring image. |
| 5 | Live view function <br> bar | Displays the shortcut for available functions. Among <br> them, some shortcut buttons of multi-channel devices <br> are in the upper-right corner of the channel screen. For <br> details, see "5.3 Live View Function Bar". |
| 6 |  |  |

### 5.2 Configuring Encoding

On the left side of the Live page, click $\checkmark$ on the right side of the video channel to select the video stream.

Figure 5-3 Configure video stream


- Main Stream: It has large bit stream value and image with high resolution, but also requires large bandwidth. This option can be used for storage and monitoring. For details, see "4.3.2.1 Encode".
- Sub Stream: It has small bit stream value and smooth image, and requires less bandwidth. This option is normally used to replace main stream when bandwidth is not enough. For details, see "4.3.2.1 Encode".
- m means the current stream is main stream; s1 means the current stream is sub stream 1; s2 means the current stream is sub stream 2.
Click this icon to choose whether to display the video image.


### 5.3 Live View Function Bar

This section introduces the shortcuts supported when viewing live video.

- Whether it is single-channel or multi-channel, the icons of "Force Alarm", "Aux Focus" and "Talk" are the same, all above Live page.
- Icons for other functions are on the top of the Live page for single-channel devices and on the top right corner of the Live page for multi-channel devices.

Table 5－2 Description of live view function bar

| Icon | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ＇缘 | Force Alarm | Displays alarm output state of the corresponding channel．When the alarm output page is connected to the alarm output device， click the icon to force to enable or disable alarm output． <br> －Red：Alarm output enabled． <br> －Black：Alarm output disabled． |
| ©，（0） | Digital <br> Zoom | Zoom in the selected area，drag the screen in the zoomed－in status to view other areas． <br> You can zoom video image through two operations． <br> －Click the icon，and then select an area in the live image to zoom in；right－click on the image to resume the original size． <br> －Click the icon，and then scroll the mouse wheel in the video image to zoom in or out． |
| 0，回 | Snapshot | Capture one image of the current screen，and it will be saved to the configured storage path． $\square$ <br> For details of viewing or configuring storage path，see＂4．2 Local＂． |
| 3， 3 | Triple Snapshot | Capture three images of the current screen，and they will be saved to the configured storage path． $\square$ <br> For details of viewing or configuring storage path，see＂4．2 Local＂． |
| －1，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Record | Record video，and it will be saved to the configured storage path． $\square$ <br> For details of viewing or configuring storage path，see＂4．2 Local＂． |
| ［＋］ | Manual Position | Select the area in the panorama camera screen，and the detail camera screen will be automatically positioned to the selected area． |
| －${ }_{6}$ ，区 | Sound | Enable or disable audio output of corresponding channel． |
| $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | Talk | Enable or disable the audio talk． |
| \％ | AR Mark | Mark the objects in the screen．Mark points do not move as the screen moves． |

## 5．4 Window Adjustment Bar

## 5．4．1 Adjustment

This section introduces the adjustment of image．

Table 5－3 Description of adjustment bar

| Icon | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 回 | Original Size | Only single－channel devices display this icon．Click this icon and when the icon changes to 回，the actual size of the screen is displayed．Click the icon again to restore the screen to the appropriate size |
| $\Theta$ | W：H | Click the icon to resume original ratio or change ratio．It supports Original and Adaptive． |
| ［ | Fluency Adjustment | Click the icon to adjust the fluency of the image．It supports Realtime，Fluent and General． <br> －Realtime：Guarantees the real time of the image．When the bandwidth is not enough，the image might not be smooth． <br> －Fluent：Guarantees the fluency of the image．There might be delay between live view image and real－time image． <br> －General：It is between Realtime and Fluent． |
| 囲 | Al Rule | Click the icon，and then select Enable to display AI rules and detection box；select Disable to stop the display．It is enabled by default． |
| ® | Anti－aliasing | Click this icon to enable or disable anti－aliasing function． |

## 5．4．2 PTZ Control

You can rotate device，zoom image，and adjust iris through PTZ control．
On the Live page，click the PTZ control on the lower left corner to adjust the current video screen．
Figure 5－4 PTZ Control


Table 5－4 Description of PTZ control functions

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control device toward eight directions，including up，down，left，right，left up， |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\text {－max }}{ }$ |  |
|  | Speed：The speed value changes device rotate speed．The bigger the value is， the faster the device rotates．For example，the rotation with a speed of 8 is much faster than that of 1 ． |
| $\oplus$ Q | Zoom：Adjust the zooming of images． |
| 住：$=$ | Focus：Adjust the focal length of the Camera． |
| $0 \%$ | Iris：Adjust the brightness of images． |
| 国 | PTZ Menu：Click to enter PTZ menu．Configure the camera setting，PTZ setting，system management and other functions according to the actual page． |
| 田 | Area Focus：Focus on the selected area．Select the Live page，click the icon， and select the area on the Live page．Then the device will automatically focus on this area． |
| $\bigcirc$ | Manual Track：Select a tracking target on the Live page，and then the device tracks the selected object． |

## 5．4．3 PTZ Function

On the Live page，click the PTZ Function on the lower left corner of the page．Before using PTZ function，see＂4．5 PTZ＂to configure PTZ function．


The value range of the PTZ function（such as preset and tour）depends on the specific PTZ protocol．
Figure 5－5 PTZ function

| PTZ Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Preset |
| Preset1 |
| Preset2 |
| Preset3 |

Table 5－5 Description of PTZ function

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Scan | Configure the scan number．Click Start，and the device will scan <br> back and forth at a certain speed according to the set boundary． <br> Click Stop to finish scan． |
| Preset | Configure preset number，and then click View to position the device <br> to the corresponding point．The preset contains PTZ＇s horizontal <br> angle，tilt angle，lens focal length and other parameters． |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Tour | Configure tour number. Click Start and the device automatically <br> rotates back and forth in the order of the set preset points. Click <br> Stop to finish tour. |
| Pattern | Configure pattern number. Click Start and the device automatically <br> rotates back and forth according to the set operating record. Click <br> Stop to finish pattern. The operation record includes the manual <br> operations that the performed to the PTZ, and the changes in focus <br> and zoom. |
| Pan | Click Start, and then the Camera starts continuous 360 rotation in a <br> horizontal way at a certain speed. |
| Go to | Configure horizontal angle, vertical angel and zoom. Click Go to to <br> pinpoint to a point. |

### 5.4.4 OSD Information

If you want to represent such information in video images as preset dots, PTZ/geography location, zoom and touring pattern, you can enable this function.
Step 1 Select ㅇ Camera $>$ Encode $>$ Overlay $>$ OSD Info.
Figure 5-6 OSD info


Step 2 Configure OSD Information.
Table 5-6 Description of OSD information parameter

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Preset | Click to enable preset function. The preset name is <br> displayed on the image when the camera turns to the preset, and <br> it will disappear 3 s later. |
| PTZ Coordinate | Click to enable PTZ coordinate function, and the PTZ <br> coordinates information is displayed on the image. |
| Zoom | Click to enable zoom function, and the zooming <br> information is displayed on the image. |
| North | Click to enable north function, and the north direction is <br> displayed on the image. When you enable the due north <br> orientation function, the system will prompt you to restart the <br> PTZ. |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pattern | Click <br> information is displayed on the image. |
| RS485 to enable RS485 function, and the RS485 information |  |
| Temperature | Click <br> is displayed on the image. |
| Location | Click <br> temperature of the current device is displayed. |
| Text Alignment | Click <br> location is displayed in the text. |
| Input text | Set the alignment mode of the displayed information on the ternal <br> image. |

Step 3 Move the OSD box to the position that you want on the image.
Step 4 Click Apply.

### 5.4.5 Peripheral Management

Manage peripherals of PTZ Camera.
Step 1 On the Live page, click the Peripheral Management on the lower left corner of the page.
Figure 5-7 Peripheral management
Peripheral
$\odot$
Step 2 Click $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ to enable or disable wiper function.

### 5.4.6 Image Adjustment

Click Image Adjustment on the lower-left corner of Live page, and click + or-icon, or drag the slider to adjust image parameters, including brightness, contrast, hue and saturation.

The adjustment is only available on the web page, and it does not adjust the camera parameters.
Figure 5-8 Image adjustment

| Image Adjustment | $\checkmark$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| :ợ: - | + 64 |
| (1) - | + 64 |
| - | + 64 |
| 9 - | + 64 |
| Reset |  |

- :ọ: (Brightness adjustment): Adjusts the overall image brightness, and changes the value when the image is too bright or too dark. The bright and dark areas will have equal changes.
- (1) (Contrast adjustment): Changes the value when the image brightness is proper but contrast is not enough.
- (Saturation adjustment): Adjusts the image saturation, this value does not change image brightness.
- (Hue adjustment): Makes the color deeper or lighter. The default value is made by the light sensor, and it is recommended.
Click Reset to restore focus to default value.


## $\mathbb{\square}$

You can restore the zoom if the image has poor clarity or has been zoomed too frequently.

### 5.5 Display Mode

It includes general mode, face mode and metadata mode. For general mode, see "5.1 Live Page".
Before previewing with face mode and metadata mode, configure corresponding Al function in advance.

## Preview Mode

- Select Face Mode on the upper left corner of the Live page, and then the page turns into face mode.

Figure 5-9 Face mode page


- Select Metadata Mode on the upper left corner of the Live page, and then the page turns into metadata mode.

Figure 5-10 Metadata mode page


Table 5-7 Description of display mode

| Number | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Live view | Displays the real-time monitoring image. For details, see <br> "5.4.1 Adjustment". |
| 2 | Details | Displays the captured image and details. |
|  |  | Enable statistics of people faces, human bodies, motor <br> vehicles and non-motor vehicles. <br> $\bullet$ Click the image to view its detailed information in the <br> 3 |
|  |  | Captured image. |
|  | Click 0 to change the properties shown in the <br> Properties". |  |

## Configuring Display Properties

Under face mode or metadata mode, click 0 at the right lower corner. Select the properties to be
displayed on the Live page, and then click Apply. Properties shown in blue boxes indicate that they are selected, and properties shown in gray boxes indicate that they are not selected. Properties of different modes are different.

Figure 5-11 Configuring detection properties (face mode)


Figure 5-12 Configuring detection properties (metadata mode)

| AI Attribute Settings(4/4) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2$ <br> Face | 㠸 <br> Human Body | 60 <br> Non- <br> Motor <br> Vehicle |  |
| Face Attribute(6/6) |  |  |  |
| Gender | Age | Expressi... | Glasses |
| Face Mask | Beard |  |  |
| Human Body Attribute(7/7) |  |  |  |
| Gender | Top | Bottom | Top Color |
| Bottom... | Bag | Hat | Umbrella |
| Non-motor Vehicle Attribute(6/6) |  |  |  |
| Vehicle... | Color | Number... | Top |
| Top Color | Hat |  |  |
| Motor Vehicle Attribute(5/7) |  |  |  |
| Vehicle... | Color | Plate No. | Plate Co... |
| Annual I... | Sunshield | Ornament | Seatbelt |
| Calling | Smoking |  |  |
|  |  | Apply | Cancel |

## 6 Record

This chapter introduces the functions of video playback and operations of record control, record plan and record storage.

### 6.1 Playback

This section describes the operations of video playback and management. It supports editing and downloading videos.

### 6.1.1 Playing Back Video

Query and playback video files stored in the SD card

## Prerequisites

- This function is available on the camera with SD card.
- Before playing back video, configure record time range, record storage method, record schedule and record control. For details, see "6.2 Setting Record Control", "6.3 Setting Record Plan", and "6.4 Storage".


## Procedure

Step 1 Select Record $>$ Search Video.
Step 2 Select the channel, the record type, and record time, and then click Search.

- Click All, and then select the record type from the drop-down list, you can select from All, General, Event, Alarm, and Manual. When selecting Event as the record type, you can select the specific event types, such as Motion Detection, Video Tamper and Scene Changing.
- The dates with blue dots indicate there are videos recorded on those days.

Figure 6-1 Search video


Step 3 Point to the searched video, and then click to play back the selected video.
Figure 6-2 Video playback


Table 6-1 Description of video playback page

| No | Icon | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Recorded video list |  |  | | Displays all searched recorded video files. |
| :--- |
| Click any files to view the recording. |
| Click Back at the upper-left corner to go to |
| the Search Video page. |


| No | Icon | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $\triangle$ | Digital Zoom | You can zoom in or out video image of the selected area through two operations. <br> - Click the icon, and then select an area in the video image to zoom in; right-click on the image to resume the original size. In zoom in state, drag the image to check other area. <br> - Click the icon, and then scroll the mouse wheel in the video image to zoom in or out. |
|  | 田 | AI Rule | Click the icon, and then select Enable to display AI rules and detection box; select Disable to stop displaying AI rules. It is disabled by default. $\square$ <br> Al rules are valid only when you enabled the rule during recording. |
|  | Play control bar |  | Controls playback. <br> - 14: Click the icon to play the previous recorded video in the recorded video list. <br> - <<: Click the icon to slow down the playback. <br> - II: Click the icon to stop playing recorded videos. <br> The icon changes to $\downarrow$, click the icon to play recorded videos. <br> - $>$ : Click the icon to speed up the playback. <br> - Click the icon to play the next recorded video in the recorded video list. <br> - $\rightarrow$ : Click the icon to play the next frame. |
|  | (4) | Sound | Controls the sound during playback. <br> - I( Q : Mute mode. <br> - (t) : Vocal state. You can adjust the sound. |
|  | 0 | Snapshot | Click $\quad$ to capture one image of the current screen, and it will be saved to the configured storage path. <br> About viewing or configuring storage path, see "6.4.1 Local Storage". |
|  | $\star$ | Video clip | Click $\nprec$, and clip a certain recorded video and save it. For details, see "6.1.2 Clipping Video". |
|  | ${ }^{\kappa} \times$ | Full screen | Click ${ }^{\kappa_{y}}$, and the image is displayed in fullscreen; double-click the image or press Esc key to exit. |


| No | Icon | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | Displays the record type and the <br> corresponding period. <br> • Click any point in the colored area, and <br> the system will play back the recorded <br> video from the selected moment. <br> - Each record type has its own color, and <br> you can see their relations in Record Type <br> bar. |

### 6.1.2 Clipping Video

Step 1 Click below the video during playback.
Step 2 Drag the clipping box on the progress bar to select the start time and end time of the target video.

Figure 6-3 Clipping video


Step 3 Click OK to download the video.
Step 4 Select the download format and storage path.
Figure 6-4 Clipping video

| Download Video |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Type | Start Time | End Time |  |
| 1 | Video Clip | $2020-08-11$ 18:49:30 | 2020-08-11 21:32:15 | Duration |

## Step 5 Click Start Download.

The playback stops and the clipped file is saved in the configured storage path. For details of storage path, see "4.2 Local".

### 6.1.3 Downloading Video

Download videos to a defined path. You can download a single video, or download videos in batches.

## $\mathbb{\square}$

- Playback and download at the same time is not supported.
- Operations might vary with different browsers.
- For details of viewing or setting storage path, see "4.2 Local".


## Step 1 Select Record > Search Video.

Step 2 Select the channel, the record type, and record time, and then click Search.
Step 3 Select videos to be downloaded.

- Selectat the upper-right corner of each video file to select one or more videos. The icon at the upper left corner of the selected file changes to $\checkmark$.
- Select $\square$ next to Select All to select all searched videos.

Figure 6-5 Selecting video file


Step 4 Click Download.
Step 5 Select the download format and storage path.
Figure 6-6 Downloading video

| Download Video |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Type | Start Time | End Time | Duration | Size |
| 1 | Manual | 2020-08-11 04:03:59 | 2020-08-11 04:15:03 | 00:11:04 | 277.8M |
| 2 | Event | 2020-08-11 04:15:04 | 2020-08-11 04:15:12 | 00:00:08 | 0.6M |
| 3 | Event | 2020-08-11 10:06:06 | 2020-08-11 10:07:18 | 00:01:12 | 4.6 M |
| 4 | Event | 2020-08-11 19:55:53 | 2020-08-11 19:55:53 | 00:00:00 | OM |
| 5 | Manual | 2020-08-11 19:55:59 | 2020-08-11 20:00:31 | 00:04:32 | 102M |
| 6 | Manual | 2020-08-11 20:00:31 | 2020-08-11 20:03:58 | 00:03:27 | 86.6 M |
| Size471.8M |  |  |  |  |  |
| Download | (- dav mp4 |  |  |  |  |
| Format |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Path | C:\Users 4 45363\WebDownload\PlaybackRecord |  | d Browse... |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Download |

## Step 6 Click Start Download.

The system starts to download the video and displays the download progress. After the video is downloaded successfully, the video file is saved in the configured storage path.

### 6.2 Setting Record Control

Set parameters such as pack duration, pre-event record, disk full, record mode and record stream.

When a Dahua smart SD card is inserted into a device that supports Dahua smart SD card, make sure that the SD card has been authenticated before using the video recording function. For details, see "4.2 Local".
Step 1 Click Record in the main page, and then click the Record Control tab.
Figure 6-7 Record control

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Max Duration | 30 | $\min (1-120)$ |
| Pre-Record | 5 | $\sec (0-5)$ |
| Record Mode | Auto Manual | Off |
| Record Stream | Main Stream |  |
|  | Apply | Refresh |
|  |  | Default |
|  |  |  |

Step 2 Set parameters.
Table 6-2 Description of record control parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Max Duration | The time for packing each video file. |
| Pre-Record | The time to record the video in advance of a triggered alarm. For <br> example, if the pre-event record is set to be 5 s, the system saves <br> the recorded video 5 s before the alarm. |
|  | When an alarm or motion detection links recording, and the <br> recording is not enabled, the system saves the recording within the <br> pre-event record time to the video file. |
| Record Mode | - Manual: the system starts recording. <br> - Auto: the system starts recording in the configured time period <br> of record plan. <br> - Off: the system does not record. |
| Record Stream | Select record stream, including Main Stream and Sub Stream. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 6.3 Setting Record Plan

Configure daily and holiday record plan, After the corresponding alarm type (General, Event, and Alarm) is enabled, the record channel links recording.

## Background Information

Set certain days as holiday, and when the Record is selected in the holiday schedule, the system records video as the holiday schedule.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click Record on the main page, and then click the Time Plan tab.
Step 2 Select record channel and then set record plan.

- Green represents normal record plan (such as timing recording).
- Yellow represents motion record plan (such as recording triggered by intelligent events).
- Red represents alarm record plan (such as recording triggered by alarm-in).

1) Select a record type, and left-click and drag on the timeline to set the recording period of each event.

Record plan from top to bottom are respectively normal record plan, motion record plan and alarm record plan.

Figure 6-8 Configure through timeline

2) Click the selected time range and then set an accurate start and end time.

Figure 6-9 Configure accurate time period


- Click Copy, and select the days that you want to copy to in the prompt page.
- Select the Select All checkbox to select all day to copy the configuration.
- You can set 6 time periods per day.

Step 3 Click Apply.
Step 4 Click Holiday to set holiday record plan.

Figure 6-10 Holiday plan


- Click $\bigcirc$ to enable the holiday plan, and select the days that you need to set as holiday.
The selected dates are shown in blue.
- Click Clear to cancel the selection.


## (1)

When holiday schedule setting is not the same as the general setting, holiday schedule setting is prior to the general setting. For example, with holiday schedule enabled, if the day is holiday, the system snapshots or records as holiday schedule setting; otherwise, the system captures or records as general setting.
Step 5 Click OK.

### 6.4 Storage

This section introduces the configuration of the storage method for the recorded videos.
Step 1 Select Record $>$ Storage.
Figure 6-11 Live

|  | $\checkmark$ General $\checkmark$ Event $\checkmark$ Alarm |
| :--- | :--- |
| Event Type | Overwrite Stop |
| Disk Full |  |
| Storage Method | Local Storage |
|  | Apply |
|  | Refresh |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Step 2 Select the storage method that you need for different types of recorded videos.

Figure 6-12 Storage


Table 6-3 Description of storage parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Event Type | Select from General, Event and Alarm. |
| Disk Full | Recording strategy when the disk is full. <br> - Overwrite: Overwrite the earliest video when the disk is full. <br> - Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full. |
| Storage Method | Select from Local storage and Network storage <br> - Local storage: Save the recorded videos in the internal SD card. $\square$ <br> Local storage is displayed only on models that support SD card. <br> - Network storage: Save the recorded videos on the FTP (File Transfer Protocol) server or NAS (Network Attached Storage). |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 6.4.1 Local Storage

## Step 1 Select Record > Storage.

Step 2 Select the recording strategy in Disk Full.
Step 3 Select Local storage in Storage Method to save the recorded videos in the internal SD card.

Figure 6-13 Local storage

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Event Type | General $\checkmark$ Event $\checkmark$ Alarm |
| Disk Full | Overwrite $\quad$ Stop |
| Storage Method | Local Storage |
|  | Apply |
|  | Refresh |
|  | Default |

Step 4 Click Apply.

### 6.4.2 Network Storage

You can select from FTP and NAS.
When the network does not work, you can save all the files to the internal SD card for emergency.

### 6.4.2.1 FTP

Enable this function, and you can save all the files in the FTP server.

## Step 1 Select Record $>$ Storage.

## Step 2 Select the recording strategy in Disk Full.

- Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest video when the disk is full.
- Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full.

Step 3 Select Network storage in Storage Method, and select FTP to save the recorded videos in FTP server.
Step 4 Select FTP or SFPT from the drop-down list. SFPT is recommended to enhance network security.
Step 5 Click next to Enable to enable the FTP function.
Figure 6-14 FTP


Step 6 Configure FTP parameters.
Table 6-4 Description of FTP parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Server IP | The IP address of the FTP server. |
| Port | The port number of the FTP server. |
| Username | The username to log in to the FTP server. |
| Password | The password to log in to the FTP server. |
| Storage Path | The storage path in the FTP server. |
| Directory Structure | Select a directory level for the storage path and then set the <br> directory name for the level. |
| Urgently store to local | Clickand when the FTP server does not work, all the files are <br> saved to the internal SD card. |

## Step 7 Click Apply.

Step 8 Click Test to test whether FTP function works normally.

### 6.4.2.2 NAS

Enable this function, and you can save all the files in the NAS.

## Step 1 Select Record $>$ Storage.

Step 2 Select the recording strategy in Disk Full.

- Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest video when the disk is full.
- Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full.

Step 3 Select Network storage in Storage Method, and select NAS to save the recorded videos in NAS server.
Step 4 Select NAS protocol type.

- NFS (Network File System): A file system which enables computers in the same network share files through TCP/IP.
- SMB (Server Message Block): Provides shared access for clients and servers.

Figure 6-15 NAS


Step 5 Select $\bigcirc$ to enable NAS function, and then configure NAS parameters.
Table 6-5 Description of NAS parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Server IP | The IP address of the NAS server. |
| Storage Path | The destination path in the NAS server. |
| Password | Password for logging in to the NAS server. <br> Username <br> This is required when the protocol type is SMB. |
|  | Username for logging in to the NAS server. <br> This is required when the protocol type is SMB. |

## Step 6 Click Apply.

## 7 Picture

This chapter introduces the related functions and operations of image playback, including configuring snapshot parameters, configuring snapshot plan and snapshot storage.

### 7.1 Playback

This section describes playing back and downloading images.

### 7.1.1 Playing Back Image

This section introduces the operation of image playback.

## Prerequisites

- This function is available on the camera with SD card.
- Before playing back image, configure snapshot time range, snapshot storage method, snapshot plan. For details, see"7.2 Setting Snapshot Parameters", "7.3 Setting Snapshot Plan" and "7.4 Storage".


## Procedure

Step 1 Select Record > Picture Query.
Step 2 Select the channel, the snapshot type and snapshot time, and then click Query.

- Click AII, and select the snapshot type from the drop-down list, you can select from All, General, Event, and Alarm.
When selecting Event as the snapshot type, you can select the specific event types, such as Motion Detection, Video Tamper and Scene Changing.
- The dates with blue dots indicate there are snapshots on those days.

Figure 7-1 Image query


Step 3 Point to the searched image, and then click to play back the selected image.

Figure 7-2 Playback image


Table 7-1 Description of playback page

| No | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Snapshot list | Displays all searched snapshots. Click any files to play back it. <br> Click Back at the upper-left corner to go to the Picture Query page. |
| 2 | Manual display | - Click I to display the previous snapshot in the snapshot list. <br> - Click 【 to display the next snapshot in the snapshot list. |
| 3 | Slide show | Click to display the snapshots list one by one in slide show mode. |
| 4 | Full screen | Click ${ }^{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \mathbf{y}$, and the snapshot is displayed in full-screen mode; double-click the image or press Esc to exit full-screen mode. |

### 7.1.2 Downloading Image

Download images to a defined path. You can download a single image, or download images in batches.

- Operations might vary with different browsers.
- For details of viewing or setting storage path, see "4.2 Local".


## Step 1 Select Picture > Picture Query.

Step 2 Select the channel, the snapshot type, and snapshot time, and then click Query.
Step 3 Select the images to be downloaded.

- Select $\square$ at the upper-right corner of each image file to select one or multiple images. The icon in the upper left corner of the selected file changes to $\checkmark$.
- Select $\square$ next to All to select all searched images.

Figure 7-3 Selecting image file


## Step 4 Click Download.

Step 5 Select the download format and storage path.
Figure 7-4 Downloading image

| Download $\times$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Type | Time | Size | $\widehat{\wedge}$ |
| 1 | jpg 2021 | -28 10:37:20 | 0.43M | $\wedge$ |
| 2 | jpg 2021 | -28 10:37:21 | 0.44M | $\checkmark$ |
| Size0.86M |  |  |  |  |
| Download © jpg |  |  |  |  |
| Format |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Path | C:\Users\280422\WebDownload\PlaybackSnapst | Browse... |  |  |
| Start Download |  |  |  |  |

Step 6 Click Start Download.
The downloaded images are saved in the configured storage path. For details of storage path, see "4.2 Local".

### 7.2 Setting Snapshot Parameters

Set the snapshot parameters, including type, size, quality and Interval.
Step 1 Select Picture > Snapshot.
Step 2 Select the channel, and then set the parameters.

Figure 7-5 Snapshot

| Picture Query | Snapshot | Time Plan | Storage |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Schedu |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Size | 2560*1 | 560x1440) |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Quality |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| Interval | 1 sec |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
|  | Apply | Refresh | Default |  |  |

Table 7-2 Description of snapshot parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | You can select from Scheduled and Event. <br> - Scheduled: Capture images in the defined period. For details, see "7.3 <br> - Setting Snapshot Plan". <br> - Event: Capture images when configured event is triggered, such as <br> Motion Detection, Video Tamper and Scene Changing. |
| Size | Set the size of the snapshot. It is the same with the resolution of the main <br> and the snapshot function. |
| Quality | Set the quality of the snapshot. The higher the value, the better the quality. |
| Interval | Set the frequency of snapshot. You can select Custom to set the frequency. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 7.3 Setting Snapshot Plan

Configure daily and holiday snapshot plan. After the corresponding alarm type (General, Event, and Alarm) is enabled, the snapshot channel links snapshot.

## Background Information

Set certain days as holiday, and when the Snapshot is selected in the holiday schedule, the system records video as the holiday schedule.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click Picture on the main page, and then click the Time Plan tab.
Step 2 Select snapshot channel and then set snapshot plan.

- Green represents normal snapshot plan (such as timing snapshot).
- Yellow represents motion snapshot plan (such as snapshot triggered by intelligent events).
- Red represents alarm snapshot plan (such as snapshot triggered by alarm-in).

1) Select a snapshot type, and left-click and drag on the timeline to set the snapshot
period of each event.
Snapshot plan from top to bottom are respectively normal snapshot plan, motion snapshot plan and alarm snapshot plan.

Figure 7-6 Configure through timeline

2) Click the selected time range and then set an accurate start and end time.

Figure 7-7 Configure accurate time period


四

- Click Copy, and select the days that you want to copy to in the prompt page.
- Select the Select All checkbox to select all day to copy the configuration.
- You can set 6 time periods per day.


## Step 3 Click Apply.

Step 4 Click Holiday to set holiday snapshot plan.

Figure 7-8 Holiday plan


- Click $\bigcirc$ to enable the holiday plan, and select the days that you need to set as holiday.
The selected dates are shown in blue.
- Click Clear to cancel the selection.


## (1)

When holiday schedule setting is not the same as the general setting, holiday schedule setting is prior to the general setting. For example, with holiday schedule enabled, if the day is holiday, the system snapshots or records as holiday schedule setting; otherwise, the system captures or records as general setting.
Step 5 Click OK.

### 7.4 Storage

This section introduces the configuration of the storage method for the snapshot.
Step 1 Select Picture $>$ Storage.
Step 2 Select the storage method that you need for different types of snapshots.

Figure 7-9 Storage


Table 7-3 Description of storage parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Event Type | Select from General, Event and Alarm. |
| Disk Full | Recording strategy when the disk is full. <br> - Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest video when the disk is full. <br> - Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full. |
| Storage Method | Select from Local storage and Network storage <br> - Local storage: Save the snapshots in the internal SD card. $\square$ <br> Local storage is displayed only on models that support SD card. <br> - Network storage: Save the snapshots in the FTP server or NAS. |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 7.4.1 Local Storage

## Step 1 Select Picture > Storage.

Step 2 Select the snapshot strategy in Disk Full.

- Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest snapshot when the disk is full.
- Stop: Stop recording when the disk is full.

Step 3 Select Local storage in Storage Method to save the snapshots in the internal SD card.
Figure 7-10 Local storage


## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 7.4.2 Network Storage

You can select from FTP and NAS.
When the network does not work, you can save all the files to the internal SD card for emergency.

### 7.4.2.1 FTP

Enable this function, and you can save all the files in the FTP server.

## Step 1 Select Picture $>$ Storage.

Step 2 Select the snapshot strategy in Disk Full.

- Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest snapshot when the disk is full.
- Stop: Stop snapshot when the disk is full.

Step 3 Select Network storage in Storage Method, and select FTP to save the snapshots in FTP server.
You select FTP or SFPT from the drop-down list. SFPT is recommended.
Step 4 Click $\bigcirc$ next to Enable to enable the FTP function.
Figure 7-11 FTP


Step 5 Configure FTP parameters.
Table 7-4 Description of FTP parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Server IP | The IP address of the FTP server. |
| Port | The port number of the FTP server. |
| Username | The username to log in to the FTP server. |
| Password | The password to log in to the FTP server. |
| Storage Path | The storage path in the FTP server. |
| Directory Structure | Select a directory level for the storage path and then set the <br> directory name for the level. |
| Urgently store to local | Click , and when the FTP server does not work, all the files are <br> saved to the internal SD card. |

Step 6 Click Apply.
Step 7 Click Test to test whether FTP function works normally.

### 7.4.2.2 NAS

Enable this function, and you can save all the files in the NAS.

## Step 1 Select Picture > Storage.

Step 2 Select the snapshot strategy in Disk Full.

- Overwrite: Cyclically overwrite the earliest snapshot when the disk is full.
- Stop: Stop snapshot when the disk is full.

Step 3 Select Network storage in Storage Method, and select NAS to save the snapshots in NAS server.
Step 4 Select NAS protocol type.

- NFS (Network File System): A file system which enables computers in the same network share files through TCP/IP.
- SMB (Server Message Block): Provides shared access for clients and servers.

Figure 7-12 NAS

| Event Type | $\checkmark$ General $\checkmark$ Event $\checkmark$ Alarm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Disk Full | Network Storage |
| Storage Method | NAS |
| Enable | Apply |
| Server IP |  |
| Storage Path | Refresh |

Step 5 Select to enable NAS function, and then configure NAS parameters.
Table 7-5 Description of NAS parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Server IP | The IP address of the NAS server. |
| Storage Path | The destination path in the NAS server. |
| Username | Username for logging in to the NAS server. <br> Password <br> This is required when the protocol type is SMB. |
|  | Password for logging in to the NAS server. <br> This is required when the protocol type is SMB. |

Step 6 Click Apply.

## 8 AI

This chapter describes how to configure device AI events, including face recognition, IVS and video metadata.

### 8.1 Configuring Smart Plan

Smart plans include face recognition, intelligence behavior analysis, video metadata and so on. The smart functions of the camera cannot take effect until the smart plan has been enabled.

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Enable the smart functions of the global and preset plan based on actual needs and then click Next.


Before configuring the preset plan, please add the appropriate presets in advance. For details of adding presets, see "4.5.1 Configuring Presets".
Step 3 Enable the intelligent functions of the Global and Preset as required, and then click Next.
Figure 8-1 Enable AI function


Step 4 Configure smart function rule as required. For details, see "8.2 Configuring Smart Function Rule".

### 8.2 Configuring Smart Function Rule

### 8.2.1 Configuring Face Recognition

When a face is detected or recognized in the detection area, the system performs alarm linkage.

- Face detection: When a face is detected in the area, the system performs alarm linkage, such as recording and sending emails.
- Face recognition: When a face is detected in the area, the system compares the captured face
image with the information in the face database，and links alarm according to the comparison result．

Figure 8－2 Face recognition flowchart


## 8．2．1．1 Configuring Face Recognition Rule

When a face is detected or recognized in the detection area，the system performs alarm linkage．

## Step 1 Click AI＞AI Config＞Smart Plan．

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition．
Step 3 （Optional）Click the icon on the right of the screen to draw detection area，exclusion area and filtering target model on the monitoring screen．
－Click $\square_{n}$ to draw a face detection area in the image，and right－click to finish the drawing．
The default detection area is the whole screen．
－Click to draw an exclusion area for face detection in the image，and right－click to finish the drawing．
－Click $\frac{\square}{m}$ to draw the minimum size of the target，and click $\square$ 吅 to draw the maximum size of the target．Only when the target size is between the maximum size and the minimum size，can the alarm be triggered．
－Click 路，and then press and hold the left mouse button to draw a rectangle，the pixel size is displayed．
－Click 血 to delete the detection line．
Step 4 Configure relevant parameter of face detection．

Figure 8-3 Configuring face recognition rule


Table 8-1 Description of face recognition parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Face Enhancement | Select Face Enhancement to preferably guarantee clear faces with low stream. |
| Target Box Overlay | You can add a bounding box to the face in the captured image to highlight the face. The captured face image is saved in SD card or the Snapshot Path. For the Snapshot Path see "4.2 Local". |
| Face Cutout | Set a range for the captured face image, including face and oneinch image. It supports custom setting. When selecting Custom, click 0 on the right side, configure the parameters on the prompt page, and then click Apply. <br> - Customized width: Set snapshot width; enter the times of the original face width. The value ranges from 1 to 5 . <br> - Customized face height: Set face height in snapshot; enter the times of the original face height. The value ranges from 1 to 2. <br> - Customized body height: Set body height in snapshot; enter the times of the original body height. The value ranges from 0 to 4. <br> When the value is 0 , it cuts out the face image only. |
| Snap Mode | - Recognition Priority: The device takes snapshot immediately when it detects faces. <br> - Optimized Snapshot: The device captures the clearest images within the optimized duration after it detects faces. $\square$ <br> Optimized duration is configured in the Advanced below. |
| Property | Click Property to enable the properties display during face recognition. |
| Advanced | Optimized Duration: Set a time period to capture the clearest image after the camera detects face. |

Step 5 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action.

- Click Add Schedule to add time plan. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
- Click + Event Linkage to set the linkage action and configure linkage parameters. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage"
Step 6
Click Apply.


### 8.2.1.2 Configuring Face Database

By configuring face database, the face database information can be used to compare with the face captured. The configuration process includes creating face database, adding face image, and face modeling.
The operations for configuring face databases are all performed on Face Database Config.

### 8.2.1.2.1 Creating Face Database

Face database is the management center of face data information, including face image and face data. It also provides comparison data for the captured face images.

## Procedure

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition, and then
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page.
Step 4 Click Add to configure the name of face database.
Figure 8-4 Adding face database


Step 5 Click OK.
The added face database information is displayed on the page.
Figure 8-5 Face database

| Add | Refresh |  |  |  | Free Space ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Name | Register No. | Similarity | Arm Status | Arm Alsm | Detals | Delete |
| 1 |  | 9 | 0 | 82 | Connected | $\bigcirc$ | ® | - |
| 2 |  | 8 | 0 | 82 | Connected | $\sigma$ | ® | - |
| 3 |  | 7 | 0 | 82 | Connected | $\bigcirc$ | ® | * |

## Related Operations

- Change the name of face database.

Click the text box under the name to change the name of face database.

- Arm alarm.

Click $\odot$ to configure relevant parameters of face database control and alarm. For details, see"8.2.1.3 Configuring Arming Alarm".

- Managing face database.

Click 目 to manage face database. You can set search conditions, register people, modify people information and face modeling.

- Deleting face database.

Click 亩 to delete face database.

### 8.2.1.2.2 Adding Face Images

Add face images to the created face database. You can add them one by one or in batches. Requirements on face images:

- A single image size is $50 \mathrm{~KB}-150 \mathrm{~KB}$ in JPEG format. The resolution is less than $1920 \times 1080$.
- Face size is $30 \%-60 \%$ of the whole image. There must be at least 100 pixels between the ears.
- Taken in full-face view directly facing the camera without makeup, filters, glasses, and fringe. Eyebrow, mouth and other face features must be visible.


## Single Adding

Add face images one by one. Select this way when you need to add a small number of face images.

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition.
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page, and then click目 next to the face database to be configured.
Step 4 Click Register.
Step 5 Click Upload to select the face image you want to upload, and then click Open.


After uploading the image, select a face area and click OK to save the face image. If there are multiple faces in an image, select the target face and click OK to save the face image.

Figure 8-6 Add images


Step 6 Enter the information about face image according to the actual situation, and then click

## Add to task list.

Step 7 Click at the upper-right corner, and then click Operation.

- If image adds successfully, it shows Stored successfully. Modeling successful.
- If adding user fails, the error code is displayed on the page. View the fail reason according to error code table. For details. see "Description of error code"
- If image modeling fails, the error code is displayed on the page. Please modify the image and remodel the image. For face modeling operation, see "8.2.1.2.4 Face Modeling".

Table 8-2 Description of error code

| Parameter | Error | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0x1134000C | Image importing error | The image is too large, and the upper limit is 150 KB . |
| 0x1134000E |  | The number of the added images is to the upper limit. |
| 0x11340019 |  | The space of the face database exceeds the upper limit. |
| 1 | Image modeling error | The image format is not correct. Import the image in JPG format. |
| 2 |  | No face in the image or the face is not clear. Change the image. |
| 3 |  | Multiple faces in the image. Change the image. |
| 4 |  | Failed to decode the image. Change the image. |
| 5 |  | The image is not suitable to be imported to the face database. Change the image. |
| 6 |  | Database operation error. Restart the camera and model faces again. |
| 7 |  | Fails to get the image. Import the image again. |
| 8 |  | System error. Restart the camera and model faces again. |

## Batch Adding

Import face images in batches when you need to add a large number of face images.

## Prerequisites

Before importing images in batches, name face image in a format of "Name\#SGender\#BDate of Birth\#NRegion\#PProvince\#CCity\#TCredentials Type\#MID No.jpg" (for example, "John\#S1\#B1990-0101\#NCN\#PZhejiang\#CHangzhou\#T1\#M000000199001010000).


- The max size of a single face image is 150 KB , and the resolution is less than $1920 \mathrm{p} \times 1080 \mathrm{p}$.
- When naming images, Name is required, and others are optional.

Table 8-3 Description of batch importing parameters

| Parameters | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Enter the corresponding name. |
| Gender | "1" is male and "2" female. |


| Parameters | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Date of Birth | Format: yyyy-mm-dd, such as 2020-10-23. |
| Region | Enter the abbreviation name of the country or region, such as CN (for China), <br> BR (for Brazil). |
| Province | Enter the corresponding name of the province. Supports letters (capitalize <br> the initial letter), but do not support Chinese characters. |
| City | Enter the corresponding name of the city. |
| Credential Type | 1" is ID card, "2" is passport, "3" is Officer Card and"4" is others. |
| ID number | Enter ID number. |

## Procedure

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition.
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page
Step 4 Click 目 next to the face database to be configured.
Step 5 Click Batch Register.
Step 6 Click Select Picture, and select storage path of the file.
Figure 8-7 Task list

| Task List |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Step 7 Click Import to import the face images.
After the importing is completed, the result will be displayed.

- If the image is imported successfully, click Next to do modeling operation.
- If the image importing failed, click Query to view the details of the images and error code. For details, see "Description of error code".
Click Export to export the error details. Modify and reimport the face image according to the error prompt.
Step 8 Click Next to do modeling operation.
The modeling result is displayed. If modeling failed, click Query and the failure details will be displayed in the list. Point to the modeling status to view the details. Then you can change image according to the failure reason. For modeling details, see "8.2.1.2.4 Face

Modeling".

### 8.2.1.2.3 Managing Face Images

Add face images to face database, and then manage and maintain face images to ensure the information is correct.

## Modifying Face Information

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition.
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page.
Step 4 Click 目 next to the face database to be configured.
Step 5 Click Query, set the criteria as needed, and then click Search.
Step 6 Select the row where the image or the personnel information is located, and then click $\begin{aligned} & \text { e }\end{aligned}$
Step 7 Edit face information according to the actual need. Click Add to task list.
Figure 8-8 Face information registration


Step 8 Click Task List , and then click Operation..

## Deleting Face Data

## Step 1 Click AI $>$ AI Config $>$ Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition.
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page.
Step 4 Click 目 next to the face database to be configured.
Step 5 Click Query, and then set the search criteria. Click Search, and then select the face information that needs to be deleted and delete it.
－Single delete：Select the row where the face image or the personnel information is located，and click 㐭 to delete the face image．
－Delete in batches：Select $\square$ at the upper－right corner of the face image or $\square$ of the row where the personnel information is located．．Select the information，click Delete， then click Tasklist（1）．Click Operation to delete the selected face images．
－Delete all：When viewing face images in a list，click $\square$ of the row where the serial number is located；when viewing by thumbnail，select All to select all face images．Click Delete，then click Tasklist ，and then click Operation to delete all face images．

## 8．2．1．2．4 Face Modeling

Extract and import the relevant information of face images through face modeling，and create a face feature model for smart detection such as face recognition．

－The more face images you select，the longer the face modeling process will take．
－During the modeling process，some smart detection functions（such as face comparison）are temporarily unavailable and can be resumed after the modeling is completed．

## Step 1 Click AI＞AI Config＞Smart Plan．

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition．
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page．
Step 4 Click 目 next to the face database to be configured．
Step 5 Start modeling．
－Modeling some images：Select the face images to be modeled，and then click

## Modeling．



If there are many face images in the face database，you can set search criteria to select the images that need to be modeled．
－Modeling all images：Click Modeling All，and the face images in invalid state in the face database are modeled
Step 6 View the modeling result．
When the modeling failed，click Query to view the details．
Figure 8－9 Modeling result

| Task List |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Modeling completed． |  |
| © Succeed 0 |  |
| © Failed 2 Query | Close |

Click $\equiv$ to view the face image in list format；click 器 to view the face image in thumbnail format．
－When the modeling status is Valid in the list or is displayed at the lower－left corner of the thumbnail，it means the modeling is successful．
－When the modeling status is Invalid in the list or is displayed at the lower－left corner of
the thumbnail, it means the modeling failed. Point to the modeling status in the list to view the details of the failure. Change the images according to the reasons.

Figure 8-10 Modeling status (list)

| Register | Batch Register | Modeling All <br> Name | Modeling <br> Gender | Delete <br> Birthday | Region | city | Credental Type | Credential No. | Task List (1) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { V Query } \\ \text { Dolete } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Modeling Status | Modily |  |
| - 1 |  | 1 | Unknown |  |  |  | Other |  | Invald | $\because$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
| $\square{ }^{\square}$ |  | 1 | Unknown |  |  |  | Other |  | Invalid | ¢ | * |

### 8.2.1.3 Configuring Arming Alarm

When face recognition succeeded or failed, the device outputs alarms.

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select Face Recognition.
Step 3 Click Face Database Config to enter the face database configuration page.
Step 4 Click 7 next to the face database to be configured.
Step 5 Arm face database.

1) Click $\bigcirc$ to enable arm function.

The snapshot will be compared to the images in the armed face database.
2) Set similarity.

The detected face will only match the face features in the face database when the defined similarity is reached. After successful match, the comparison result is displayed on the Live page.

Figure 8-11 Arm alarm


Step 6 Select Alarm Mode.

- All: The camera outputs alarms whether the detected face matches the face picture in the database or not.
- General: The camera outputs alarms when the detected face matches that in the face database.
- Stranger: The camera outputs alarms when the detected face fails to match that in the
face database.
- Select none: The camera does not output alarms whether the detected face matches the face picture in the database or not.
Step 7 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action.
- Click Add Schedule to add time plan. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
- Set the linkage action and configure linkage parameters. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage"
Step 8 Click Apply.


### 8.2.1.4 Viewing Face Recognition Result

On the Live page, select Face Mode from the display mode drop-down list on the upper-right corner to view the Live page of face recognition.

- The live image is displayed at the left side, and the captured face images and attribute information are displayed at the right side. When the recognition is successful, the captured face images, images in the database and the similarity of the face images and images in the database are displayed at the right side; the snapshot count and thumbnails are displayed at the bottom of the live image.
- Click 0 to set the attributes. For details, see "Configuring Display Properties".

Figure 8-12 Face recognition result


### 8.2.2 Configuring IVS

This section introduces scene selection requirements, rule configuration, and global configuration for IVS (intelligent video surveillance).
Here are the basic requirements on the scene.

- The target should occupy no more than $10 \%$ of the whole image.
- The target size in the image should be no more than $10 \times 10$ pixels. The size of abandoned object in the image should be no less than $15 \times 15$ pixels (CIF image). The target height and width should no more than a third of the image height and width. The recommended target height is $10 \%$ of the image height.
- The brightness difference of the target and the background should be no less than 10 gray levels.
- The target should be continuously present in the image for no less than 2 seconds, and the
moving distance should be larger its width and no less than 15 pixels (CIF image) at the same time.
- Reduce the complexity of surveillance scene as much as you can. Intelligent analysis functions are not recommended to be used in scene with dense targets and frequent illumination change.
- Avoid areas such as glass, reflective ground, water surface, and areas interfered by branch, shadow and mosquito. Avoid backlight scene and direct light.


### 8.2.2.1 Global Configuration

Set global rules for IVS, including calibration drawing, calibration verification and sensitivity.

## Background Information

Determine corresponding relationship between 2D image captured by the camera and 3D actual object according to one horizontal ruler and three vertical rulers calibrated by the user and the corresponding actual distance. Here are the applicable scenes.

- Medium or distant view with installation height of more than three meters. Scenes with parallel view or ceiling-mounted are not supported.
- Calibrate horizontal plane, not vertical walls or sloping surfaces.
- This function is not applicable to scenes with distorted view, such as the distorted views captured by super wide-angle camera.
Pay attention to the following points.
- Calibration Drawing
$\diamond$ Calibration area: The calibration area drawn should be on one horizontal plane.
$\diamond$ Vertical ruler: The bottom of three vertical rulers should be on the same horizontal plane. Select three reference objects with fixed height in triangular distribution as vertical rulers, such as vehicle parked at roadside or road lamp poles. Arrange three persons to draw at each of the three positions in the monitoring scene.
$\diamond$ Horizontal ruler: Select reference object with known length on the ground, such as sign on the road, or use a tape to measure the actual length.
- Calibration Verification

After setting the ruler, draw a straight line on the image, check the estimated value of the straight line, and then compare this value with the value measured in the actual scene to verify calibration accuracy. In case of major difference between the estimated value and the actual one, fine-tune or reset parameters until the error requirement is met.

## Procedure

Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.
Step 2 Click Rule Config, and then select IVS.
Step 3 Click Global Config.
Step 4 Configure calibration area and rulers on the left screen.

1) Click ■ and draw a calibration area in the image, and right-click to finish the drawing.
2) Click the ruler icon to draw one horizontal ruler and three vertical rulers in the calibration area.

- 䀚 indicates vertical ruler, and $\quad$ indicates horizontal ruler.- Select an added ruler, and click 自 to delete the ruler.

3) Configure the actual length.

Step 5 Configure parameters for the IVS of global configuration.

Sensitivity: Adjust the filter sensitivity. With higher value, it is easier to trigger an alarm when low-contrast object and small object are captured, and the false detection rate is higher.

Figure 8-13 Global configuration (IVS)


## Step 6 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

1. Select the verification type, and then click Calibration Verification.

To verify vertical ruler and horizontal ruler, respectively select Height Verification and Width

## Verification.

2. Draw a straight line in the image to verify whether the rulers are correctly set.

In case of major difference between the estimated value and the actual one, fine-tune or reset parameters until the error requirement is met.

### 8.2.2.2 Rule Configuration

This section introduces the rules used on IVS, including tripwire, intrusion, abandoned object, missing object, fast moving, parking detection, crowd gathering, crossing virtual fence and loitering detection.

## Prerequisites

The global configuration for IVS has been completed.

## Background Information

The roles and applicable scenes of various rules are as follows. The following section uses tripwire as an example to introduce the rule configuration of IVS.

Table 8-4 Description of IVS functions

| Rule | Functions | Applicable Scene |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| crossing <br> virtual fence | When a target crosses the fence <br> toward the defined direction, the <br> alarm is triggered and the linkage is <br> executed. | Scenes such as roads, airports and <br> other isolation zones. |
| Tripwire | When a target crosses the line toward <br> the defined direction, the alarm is <br> triggered and the linkage is executed. | Scenes with sparse targets and no <br> occlusion among targets, such as the <br> perimeter protection of unattended |


| Rule | Functions | Applicable Scene |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intrusion | When the target enters, leaves, or appears in the detection area, an alarm is triggered, and the system performs defined alarm linkages. | area. |
| Abandoned object | When an object is abandoned in the detection area over the defined time, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. | Scenes with sparse targets and without obvious and frequent light change. Simple scene in the detection area is recommended. <br> - Missed alarm might increase in the scenes with dense targets, frequent occlusion, and people staying. <br> - In scenes with complex foreground and background, false alarm might be triggered for abandoned or missing object. |
| Missing object | When an object is taken out of the detection area over the defined time, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. |  |
| Fast moving | When the motion speed is higher than the defined speed, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. | Scenes with sparse targets and less occlusion. The camera should be installed right above the monitoring area. The light direction should be vertical to the motion direction. |
| Parking detection | When the target stays over the defined time, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. | Road monitoring and traffic management. |
| Crowd gathering | When the crowd gathers or the crowd density is large, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. | Scenes with medium or long distance, such as outdoor plaza, government entrance, station entrance and exit. It is not suitable for short-distance view analysis. |
| Loitering detection | When the target loiters over the shortest alarm time, an alarm is triggered, and then the system performs defined alarm linkages. After alarm is triggered, if the target stays in the area within the time interval of alarm, then alarm will be triggered again. | Scenes such as park and hall. |

## Procedure

## Step 1 Click AI > AI Config > Smart Plan.

Step 2 Click Rule Config and then select IVS.
Step 3 Click Rule Config.
Step 4 Click Add Rule on the Rule Config page, and then select Tripwire from the drop-down list.
The added rules are displayed in the drop-down list. Click the name, and you can edit the rule name; the rule is enabled by default.

Figure 8-14 Tripwire


Step 5 Click $\nLeftarrow$ to draw rule lines in the image. Right-click to finish drawing. Different rules have slightly different drawing requirements. After drawing rules, drag corners of the detection area to adjust the area range.

Figure 8-15 Drawing rule


Table 8-5 Description of IVS analysis drawing rules

| Rule | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Crossing virtual fence | Draw a detection line. |
| Tripwire |  |
| Intrusion | Draw a detection area. <br> - During the detection of abandoned objects, the alarm is also triggered if pedestrian or vehicle stays for a long time. If the abandoned object is smaller than pedestrian and vehicle, set the target size to filter pedestrian and vehicle or properly extend duration to avoid false alarm triggered by transient staying of pedestrian. <br> - During the detection of crowd gathering, false alarm might be triggered by low installation height, large percentage of single person in an image or obvious target occlusion, continuous shaking of the camera, shaking of leaves and tree shade, frequent opening or closing of retractable door, or dense traffic or people flow. |
| Abandoned object |  |
| Missing object |  |
| Fast moving |  |
| Parking detection |  |
| Crowd gathering |  |
| Loitering detection |  |

Table 8-6 Description of IVS analysis drawing rules

| Rule | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Crossing virtual fence | Draw a detection line. |
| Tripwire |  |
| Intrusion | Draw a detection area. <br> - During the detection of abandoned objects, the alarm is also triggered if pedestrian or vehicle stays for a long time. If the abandoned object is smaller than pedestrian and vehicle, set the target size to filter pedestrian and vehicle or properly extend duration to avoid false alarm triggered by transient staying of pedestrian. <br> - During the detection of crowd gathering, false alarm might be triggered by low installation height, large percentage of single person in an image or obvious target occlusion, continuous shaking of the camera, shaking of leaves and tree shade, frequent opening or closing of retractable door, or dense traffic or people flow. |
| Abandoned object |  |
| Missing object |  |
| Fast moving |  |
| Parking detection |  |
| Crowd gathering |  |
| Loitering detection |  |

Step 6 (Optional) Click other icons at the right side of the image to filter targets in the image.

- Click $\underset{\min }{\square}$ to draw the minimum size of the detection target and click $\underset{\max }{\square}$ to draw the maximum size of the detection target. Only when the target size is between the maximum size and the minimum size, can the alarm be triggered.
- When the rule of crowd gathering is configured, you need to draw the minimum gathering area. Click to draw the minimum gathering area in the scene. The alarm is triggered when the number of people in the detection area exceeds the minimum and the time exceeds the duration.
- Click 路, and then press and hold the left mouse button to draw a rectangle, the pixel size is displayed.
- Click 㐭 to delete the detection line.

Step 7 Set rule parameters for IVS.

Figure 8-16 IVS parameters


Table 8-7 Description of IVS parameters

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Direction | Set the direction of rule detection. <br> - When setting tripwire, select $\mathbf{A}$->B, $\mathbf{B}$->A, or $\mathbf{A}$ <->B. <br> - When setting intrusion, select Enter, Exit, or Both. |
| Target Filter | After enabling Target filter, effective targets are not detected and alarms <br> will not be triggered. This function is currently supported by tripwire, <br> intrusion and fast moving. |
| Effective Target | [i] <br> Effective targets include Human and Motor Vehicle. Among them, non- <br> motor vehicle belongs to the category of People. |
| Action | When setting intrusion action, select Appear or Cross. |
| - For abandoned object, the duration is the shortest time for triggering an |  |
| alarm after an object is abandoned. |  |


| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sensitivity | • For fast moving, sensitivity is related to the triggering speed. Lower |
|  | -sensitivity requires faster moving speed to trigger the alarm. <br> is easier to trigger the alarm with higher sensitivity. |

Step 8 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action.

- Click Add Schedule to add time plan. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
- Click + Event Linkage to set the linkage action and configure linkage parameters. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage".


## Step 9 Click Apply.

If you need to click $\triangle$ on the upper-right corner of the page to view alarm information, you need to subscribe relevant alarm event. For details, see "4.6.1.4.2 Subscribing to Alarm Information".

### 8.2.3 Configuring Video Metadata

Classify people, non-motor vehicles and motor vehicles in the captured video, and display the relevant attributes on the Live page.

### 8.2.3.1 Global Configuration

Configure global rules for video metadata, including global parameters for faces and scenes.
Step 1 Select AI > AI Config $>$ Smart Plan.
Step 2 Click Rule Config, and then select Video Metadata.
Step 3 Click Global Config.
Step 4 Configure global configuration parameters.
Figure 8-17 Global configuration


Table 8-8 Description of global configuration parameter

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Target Box Overlay | Overlay target box on the captured images to mark the target <br> position. <br> Four types of target boxes are supported. Select the target box as <br> needed. <br> The captured images are stored in SD card or the configured <br> storage path. For details, see "4.2 Local". |
| Face Enhancement | Enable Face Enhancement to preferably guarantee clear face with <br> low stream. |
| Face Cutout | Set a range for matting face image, including face image and one- <br> inch image. |
| Picture mode | - Default: Apply default image parameters to capture images. <br> - Number Plate Priority: Apply the image parameters <br> corresponding to the number plate to capture the image. <br> - Face Priority: Apply the image parameters corresponding to the <br> face to capture the image. |

Step 5 Click Apply.

### 8.2.3.2 Rule Configuration

Configure detection scenes and rules, including the rule configuration of people, non-motor vehicles and motor vehicle.

## Prerequisites

Global configuration for video metadata has been completed.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select AI > AI Config $>$ Smart Plan.
Step 2 Click Rule Config, and then select Video Metadata.
Step 3 Click Rule Config.
Step 4 Click Add Rule and then select rule type from the drop-down list.
The added rules are displayed in the drop-down list. Click the text box under Name to edit the rule name. The rule is enabled by default.

Figure 8-18 Rule configuration (video metadata)


Step 5 Configure image information.

1) Click the after the corresponding rule.
2) Configure overlay information and adjust its position.

This section uses the configuration of non-motor vehicle as an example.

Figure 8-19 Configure image parameters (non-motor vehicle)

3) Click Apply.

Step 6 (Optional) Click the icon on the right of the screen to draw detection area, exclusion area and filtering target model on the monitoring screen.

- After enabling the rule, the detection area is displayed in the monitoring screen. Click $\square k$, and then drag any corner of the box to adjust the size of the area
- Click to draw an area exclusion area for face detection in the image, and right-click to finish the drawing.
- Click $\square$ to draw the minimum size of the detection target and click $\square$ to draw the maximum size of the detection target. Only when the target size is between the maximum size and the minimum size, can the alarm be triggered.
- Click 贯 to delete the drawn filtering rule detection line or area.

Step 7 Configure the rule parameters of video metadata.

Figure 8-20 Configuring rule parameters (traffic flow statistics)


Table 8-9 Description of video metadata parameter

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| People Flow <br> Statistics | Click next to People Flow Statistics to count the number of people in <br> the detection area. |
| Traffic Flow <br> Statistics (Non- <br> motor Vehicles) | Click next to Traffic Flow Statistics (Non-motor Vehicles) to count <br> the number of non-motor vehicles in the detection area. |
| Traffic Flow <br> Statistics | Click next to Traffic Flow Statistics to count the number of motor <br> vehicles in the detection area. |
|  | - Optimized: Capture the images until the vehicle disappears from the <br> image, and upload the clearest image. |
| - Tripwire: Capture the images when the vehicle triggers tripwire as the |  |
| configured direction. The steps are as follows: |  |

Step 8 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action.

- Click Add Schedule to add time plan. For details, see "4.6.1.2.1 Adding Schedule".
- Click + Event Linkage to set the linkage action and configure linkage parameters. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage"
Step 9 Click Apply.


### 8.2.3.3 Viewing Video Metadata Report

Select Metadata Mode on the upper-left corner of the Live page to view the live video image of
video metadata.

- The left side displays real-time live screen; the right side displays large view of the snapshot and detailed attribute information; the bottom displays the face, human body, non-motor vehicle and motor vehicle snapshot statistics and snapshot thumbnails.
- Click $\propto$ to change the attributes shown in the image. For details, see "Configuring Display Properties".

Figure 8-21 Video metadata report


### 8.3 Configuring Tour Plan

You can configure the tour mode and time plan for different periods.

## Step 1 Select AI > Tour Plan.

Step 2 Select Enable to enable tour plan function.
Step 3 Select tour mode and idle interval.

- Tour mode Select: It only supports Scene Priority at present. The Camera tours according to the set duration of the scene.
- Idle Interval: The time between the user manually operate the Camera and the Camera automatically rotates to the smart plan scene.
Step 4 Configure tour plan.

1) Set the start time and end time of the tour.
2) Select period, and then click Setting to configure multi-scenario tour.

Figure 8－22 Multi－scenario tour

| Multi－scenario tour config |  |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The total tour interval cannot exceed arming time． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add Scenario |  | Clear | Stay Time | Priority Sorting | Priority <br> Sorting | Delete |
| No． | Plan |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Plan2 | $\checkmark$ | 600 | ＾ | $\approx$ | 亩 |
| 2 | Plan2 | $\checkmark$ | 600 | ล | $\approx$ | 䓢 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cancel | OK |

Table 8－10 Description of multi－scenario tour parameter

| Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Stay Time | Set the time that the Camera stays in the <br> scene．Double－click the stay time to modify the <br> time． |
| Priority Sorting | Set the priority of multiple scenes．Click $\hat{\wedge}$ or <br> $\approx$ to adjust the order． |
| Delete | Click 亩 to delete the scene． |
| Add Scenario | Click Add Scenario to add a new tour scene． |

3）Click OK to complete the configuration of multi－scenario tour．
Step 5 （Optional）Click Copy to copy the configuration to the selected date．
Step 6 Click OK．

## 9 Security

### 9.1 Security Status

## Background Information

Detect the user and service, and scan the security modules to check the security status of the Camera, so that when abnormality appears, you can process it timely.

- User and service detection: Detect login authentication, user status, and configuration security to check whether the current configuration meet requirement.
- Security modules scanning: Scan the running status of security modules, such as audio/video transmission, trusted protection, securing warning and attack defense, but not detect whether they are enabled.


## Procedure

## Step 1 Select Security $>$ Security Status.

Step 2 Click Rescan to scan the security status of the Camera.
During the scanning, the icon is grey. When the icon turns blue, the scanning is complete.
Figure 9-1 Security status


## Related Operations

After scanning, different results will be displayed in different color. Yellow indicates that the security modules are abnormal, and green indicates that the security modules are normal.

1. Click Details to view the details of the scanning result.
2. Click Ignore to ignore the exception, and it will not be scanned in next scanning.
3. Click Optimize, and the corresponding page is displayed. You can edit the configuration to clear the exception.

Figure 9-2 Security status

| Details |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) Total $2 \mathbf{~ X X}$ items must be optimized. You are recommended to optimize now. | Ignore |
| Device Account Status <br> 1.A strong password is not used. |  |
| ONVIF Account Status <br> 1.A strong password is not used. | Optimize |

### 9.2 System Service

Service functions can be used only after system services are enabled.

### 9.2.1 802.1x

Cameras can connect to LAN after passing 802.1x authentication.
Step 1 Select Security $>$ System Service $>$ 802.1x.
Step 2 Select the NIC name as needed, and click $\square$ to enable it.
Step 3 Select the authentication mode, and then configure parameters.

- PEAP (Protected EAP protocol).

1. Select PEAP as the authentication mode.
2. Enter the username and password that has been authenticated on the server.
3. (Optional) Click $\bigcirc$ next to CA certificate, and select the trusted CA certificate in list.


If there is no certificate in the list, click Certificate Management at the left navigation bar. For details, see "9.4.2 Installing Trusted CA Certificate".

Figure 9-3 802.1x (PEAP)


- TLS (Transport Layer Security). It is applied in two communication application programs to guarantee the security and integrity of the data.

1. Select TLS as the authentication mode.
2. Enter the username.
3. Select the certificate from the certificate list on the Device Certificate page.
$\square$
If there is no certificate in the list, click Certificate Management at the left navigation bar. For details, see "9.4.1 Installing Device Certificate".
4. (Optional) Click next to CA certificate, and select the trusted CA certificate in list.


If there is no certificate in the list, click Certificate Management at the left navigation bar. For details, see "9.4.2 Installing Trusted CA Certificate".

Figure 9-4 802.1x (TLS)


## Step 4 Click Apply.

### 9.2.2 HTTPS

Create a certificate or upload an authenticated certificate, and then you can log in through HTTPS with your PC. The HTTPS can protect page authenticity on all types of websites, secure accounts, and keep user communications, identity, and web browsing private.

- We recommend enabling the HTTPS. Otherwise, the device data may be leaked.
- After HTTPS is enabled, TLSv1.1 and earlier versions are supported by default. However, earlier version of TLS might have security risks. Please select carefully.


## Procedure

## Step 1 Select Security > System Service > HTTPS.

Step 2 Click $\quad$ to enable HTTPS.
Step 3 Select the certificate.

If there is no certificate in the list, click Certificate Management at the left navigation bar.
For details, see "9.4.1 Installing Device Certificate".

Figure 9-5 HTTPS


Step 4 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

Enter https://IPaddress in the browser.

- If you have already installed the certificate, the normal login page will be displayed.
- If you have not installed the certificate, the browser displays a certificate error message.


### 9.3 Attack Defense

### 9.3.1 Firewall

Configure firewall to limit access to the camera.
Step 1 Select Security > Attack Defense > Firewall.
Step 2 Click to enable the firewall function.
Figure 9-6 Firewall


Step 3 Select Allowlist or Blocklist as the mode.

- Allowlist: Only when the IP/MAC address of your PC is in the allowlist, can you access the camera. Ports are the same.
- Blocklist: When the IP/MAC address of your PC is in the blocklist, you cannot access the camera. Ports are the same.
Step 4 Click Add to add the host IP/MAC address to Allowlist or Blocklist, and then click OK.

Figure 9-7 Firewall


## Step 5 Click Apply.

## Related Operations

- Click $\mathbb{E}$ to edit the host information.
- Click 亩 to delete the host information.


### 9.3.2 Account Lockout

If you consecutively enter a wrong password more than the configured value, the account will be locked.
Step 1 Select Security $>$ Attack Defense $>$ Account Lockout.
Step 2 Configure the login attempt and lock time for device account and ONVIF user.

- Login attempt: Upper limit of login attempts. If you consecutively enter a wrong password more than the defined value, the account will be locked.
- Lock time: The period during which you cannot log in after the login attempts reaches upper limit.

Figure 9-8 Account lockout

| Firewall | Account Lockout |  | Anti-DoS Attack |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device Account |  |  |  |  |
| Login Attempt |  | 5time(s) | $\checkmark$ | min |
| Lock Time |  | 5 |  |  |
| ONVIF User |  |  |  |  |
| Login Attempt |  | 30time(s) | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Lock Time |  | 5 |  | min |
| Apply | Refresh | Default |  |  |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 9.3.3 Anti-DoS Attack

You can enable SYN Flood Attack Defense and ICMP Flood Attack Defense to defend the device against DoS (Denial of Service) attack.
Step 1 Select Security > Attack Defense $>$ Anti-DoS Attack.
Step 2 Select SYN Flood Attack Defense or ICMP Flood Attack Defense to defend the device against Dos attack.

Figure 9-9 Anti-DoS attack

### 9.4 CA Certificate

### 9.4.1 Installing Device Certificate

Create a certificate or upload an authenticated certificate, for example when you log in through HTTPS with your PC, you need to verify device certificate.

### 9.4.1.1 Creating Certificate

Creating certificate in the device
Procedure
Step 1 Select Security > CA Certificate > Device Certificate.
Step 2 Select Install Device Certificate.
Step 3 Select Create Certificate, and click Next.
Step 4 Enter the certificate information.


IP or domain name of the device is automatically entered in IP/Domain Name.

Figure 9-10 Certificate information (1)


## Step 5 Click Create and install certificate.

After the certificate is created successfully, you can view the created certificate on the Device Certificate page.

## Related Operations

- Click Enter Edit Mode, you can edit the custom name of the certificate.
- Click 山 to download the certificate.- Click 亩 to delete the certificate.


### 9.4.1.2 Applying for and Importing CA Certificate

Import the third-party CA certificate to the camera.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select Security $>$ CA Certificate $>$ Device Certificate.
Step 2 Select Installing Device Certificate.
Step 3 Click Apply for CA Certificate and Import (Recommended), and then click Next.
Step 4 Enter the certificate information.


IP or domain name of the device is automatically entered in IP/Domain Name.

Figure 9-11 Certificate information (2)


Step 5 Click Create and Download.
Save the request file to your PC.
Step 6 Apply for the CA certificate from the third-party certificate authority.
Step 7 Import the signed CA certificate.

1) Save the CA certificate to the PC.
2) Select Install Device Certificate, click Apply for CA Certificate and Import (Recommended), and then click Next.
3) Click Browse to select the signed CA certificate.
4) Click Install and Import.

After the certificate is created successfully, you can view the created certificate on the
Device Certificate page.

- Click Recreate to create the request file again.
- Click Import Later to import the certificate next time.


## Related Operations

- Click Enter Edit Mode, you can edit the custom name of the certificate.
- Click 㐫 to download the certificate.- Click 㐭 to delete the certificate.


### 9.4.1.3 Installing Existing Certificate

Import the existing third-party certificate to the Camera. When apply for the third-party certificate, you also need to apply for the private key file and private key password.
Step 1 Select Security $>$ CA Certificate $>$ Device Certificate.
Step 2 Select Install Device Certificate.

## Step 3 Select Install Existing Certificate, and click Next.

Step 4 Click Browse to select the certificate and private key file, and enter the private key
password.
Figure 9-12 Certificate and private key


Step 5 Click Import and Install.
After the certificate is created successfully, you can view the created certificate on the Device Certificate page.

## Related Operations

- Click Enter Edit Mode, you can edit the custom name of the certificate.
- Click 山 to download the certificate.- Click 亩 to delete the certificate.


### 9.4.2 Installing Trusted CA Certificate

CA certificate is a digital certificate for the legal identity of the camera. For example, when the camera accesses the LAN through 802.1x, the CA certificate is required.
Step 1 Select Security > CA Certificate $>$ Trusted CA Certificates.
Step 2 Select Install Trusted Certificate.
Step 3 Click Browse to select the certificate.
Figure 9-13 Installing trusted certificate


## Step 4 Click OK.

After the certificate is created successfully, you can view the created certificate on the Trusted CA Certificate page.

## Related Operations

- Click Enter Edit Mode, you can edit the custom name of the certificate.
- Click 出 to download the certificate.- Click 㐭 to delete the certificate.


### 9.5 A/V Encryption

The device supports audio and video encryption during data transmission.


We recommend you to enable A/V Encryption function. There might be safety risk if this function is disabled.
Step 1 Select Security > A/V Encryption.
Step 2 Configure the parameters.
Figure 9-14 A/V encryption


Table 9-1 A/V encryption parameter

| Area | Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private Protocol | Enable | Enables stream frame encryption by using private protocol. $\square$ <br> There might be safety risk if this service is disabled. |
|  | Encryption Type | Use the default setting. |
|  | Update Period of Secret Key | Secret key update period. <br> Value range: 0-720 hours. 0 means never update the secret key. <br> Default value: 12. |
| RTSP over TLS | Enable | Enables RTSP stream encryption by using TLS. $\square$ <br> There might be safety risk if this service is disabled. |


| Area | Parameter | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Select a device certificate | Select a device certificate for RTSP <br> over TLS. |
|  | Certificate Management | For details about certificate <br> management, see "9.4.1 Installing <br> Device Certificate". |

Step 3 Click Apply.

### 9.6 Security Warning

When security exception event is detected, the camera sends a warning to remind you to process it timely, to avoid security risk.

## Step 1 Select Security > Security Warning

Step 2 Click $\quad$ to enable security warning.
Step 3 Configure the parameters.
Figure 9-15 Security warning


Step 4 Set arming periods and alarm linkage action. For details, see "4.6.1.2 Alarm Linkage". Click + Event Linkage to set the linkage action.
Step 5 Click Apply.

## 10 Report

View the statistics result of video metadata in report form.

## Procedure

## Step 1 Click Report > Report > Video Metadata.

Step 2 Set the period for the report.

## (1)]

For multi-channel camera, select the channel first.
Step 3 Click Search.
Figure 1-1 Video metadata report


## Related Operations

- Select the report form.
$\diamond$ Click $\underline{\sim}$ to display the report in line chart.
- Click ,ill to display the report in bar chart.
- Select the statistics type on the upper-right corner.

The statistics result of unselected types will not be displayed.

- Export reports.

Select the file format, and then click Export.
$\diamond$ Select png: Displays the report in image format.

- Select csv: Displays the report in list format.


## Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

Cybersecurity is more than just a buzzword: it's something that pertains to every device that is connected to the internet. IP video surveillance is not immune to cyber risks, but taking basic steps toward protecting and strengthening networks and networked appliances will make them less susceptible to attacks. Below are some tips and recommendations on how to create a more secured security system.

## Mandatory actions to be taken for basic equipment network security:

## 1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters;
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols;
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order;
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.;
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.;


## 2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time

- According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your equipment (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the equipment is connected to the public network, it is recommended to enable the "auto-check for updates" function to obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
- We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.
"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your equipment network security:

1. Physical Protection

We suggest that you perform physical protection to equipment, especially storage devices. For example, place the equipment in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement welldone access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable equipment (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.
2. Change Passwords Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.
3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely

The equipment supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user's mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.
4. Enable Account Lock

The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.
5. Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports

We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024~65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.
6. Enable HTTPS

We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.
7. MAC Address Binding

We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the equipment, thus reducing the risk of ARP spoofing.
8. Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably

According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.
9. Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.
If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:

- SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
- SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
- FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
- AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

10. Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission

If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.

Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

## 11. Secure Auditing

- Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
- Check equipment log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.


## 12. Network Log

Due to the limited storage capacity of the equipment, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

## 13. Construct a Safe Network Environment

In order to better ensure the safety of equipment and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:

- Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
- The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs. If there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is suggested to use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve the network isolation effect.
- Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.
- Enable IP/MAC address filtering function to limit the range of hosts allowed to access the device.


## ENABLING A SAFER SOCIETY AND SMARTER LIVING


[^0]:    Step 3 Click Apply.

[^1]:    Record setting.

